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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIII NO. 61 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MARCH 13, 1945. Price 2 Annas

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TWO LEAGUE MINISTRIES EXIT

Will Governor Enforce Sec. 93 In Sind?

HIDAYATULLAH CABINET RESIGNATION SEQUEL

Hindu Support To Non-League Ministry Under Moulabux

KARACHI, March 12.

The newly reconstructed Ministry could not be sworn in to-day as the Governor did not allow it. Accordingly the Assembly which was to meet at 2 this afternoon adjourned till March 14.

In an interview to the United Press, Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah said that the old Coalition Ministry would continue to remain in office till the new Ministry was sworn in, which would take time.

Political circles feel that the Governor is inclined to enforce Section 93 of the Government of India Act. So he has not allowed the new Ministers to be sworn in.—United Press.

NEW STAGE IN MINISTERIAL TANGLE

The Sind ministerial tangle reached a new stage to-day when, in accordance with the Muslim League Parliamentary Board's mandate conveyed to him yesterday the Premier, Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, called on His Excellency the Governor this morning and, according to unofficial reports, submitted the resignation of his Cabinet.

While the resignation has not yet been officially announced, political circles are in no doubt of it, as all the attendant circumstances point to intensive efforts by the various party leaders to form an alternative Ministry.

INTERVIEWS WITH GOVERNOR

Mr. G. M. Syed, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, Mir Bundeh Ali Khan Talpur, a prominent member of the Muslim League and a former Premier of Sind and Mr. Nichaldas C. Vazirani, Leader of the Hindu Opposition, had interviews with the Governor after Sir Ghulam had left Government House.

It is reported that Mir Bundeh Ali Khan Talpur assured His Excellency that he had a parliamentary majority with him and that he would be able to form a stable ministry.

Among those who saw His Excellency in the evening were: Khan Bahadur Haji Moula Bux, and the two Hindu ministers Dr. Hemandas R. Wadhwani and Rao Saheb Gokaldas—who incidentally, may be dropped from the new ministry if the principle is accepted that the Hindus should nominate their own representatives in the Cabinet.

ASSEMBLY ADJOURNS

Meanwhile, the Sind Legislative Assembly which was to have commenced its Budget Session to-day, met only for a few minutes and was adjourned. The Premier asked for an adjournment and the Speaker Syed Miran Mahomad Shah, read a letter from His Excellency the Governor postponing all items on the agenda to Wednesday, March 14.

Sir Ghulam Hussain has not, however, given up attempts to form an alternative ministry in terms of the mandate received by him from the Muslim League Parliamentary Board. He had talks with Mr .G., M. Syed regarding the personnel of the ministry and he is reported to have accepted Mr. Syed's condition that the Hindu Party should be given the option to nominate two of its own representatives on the Ministry. The Hindu Party is meeting to elect its potential nominees and it is believed that these will be Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani and Mukhi Gobindram, in case Mr. Syed's contribution to the ministry-making becomes effective.

The position of Khan Bahadur Haji Moula Bux in these pourparlers is not known but League circles say that Syed Mahomed Ali Shah is being considered as his successor in the new Ministry.

Alternative Ministry Plans

KARACHI, March 12: It is understood that Mr. G. M. Syed in his talks with the Premier insisted on two seats on the Cabinet for his group in the Muslim League Assembly Party. Later, however he waived his claim and accepted one seat. Syed Mohammad Ali Shah, it may be mentioned, had in November last declined the invitation of Sir Ghulam Hussain to join his ministry.

Mr. Syed has sent the following telegram to Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, General Secretary of the All-India Muslim League: "Your telegram. Shall carry out loyally your direction. I have since assured Sir Ghulam Hussain of complete support."

The members of the Hindu Opposition Party who were asked by the Premier to make their own selection for the two posts of Hindu ministers, have elected Mr. Nichaldas Vizirani and Mukhi Gobindram.

Accordingly, there will be at least three new ministers in the alternative ministry, the entire personnel of which has not yet been fully settled, though the members of the Muslim League Assembly Party have accepted the leadership of Sir Ghulam Hussain.

"I Shall Remain With You"!

Moulabux Releases Letter Written By G. Hidayatullah

KARACHI, March 12.

Khan Bahadur Haji Moulabux has released the following letter written to him by the Premier, Sir Ghulam Hussain, on the eve of his being sworn in as Minister on February 26 1945:—

KARACHI, Feb. 26.

My dear Haji Sahib,

I shall be very glad if your Independent Party forms a coalition with my group of the Muslim League Assembly Party.

I shall take you as an Independent forthwith and have the other Minister out of your group within a month.

In case Mr. Jinnah or the League High Command does not agree to this coalition I shall not call upon any of you to resign or compel any of you to sign the League Pledge. In that case I shall remain with you and stick to this coalition."

Yours sincerely,
GHULAM HUSSAIN.

Sidhwa Declines To Commit Himself

KARACHI, March 12: Mr. R. K. Sidhwa and Mr. Munghraj Lala, Leader and Member of the Congress Assembly Party, respectively were the most sought after persons in the Secretariat to-day. The Government order withdrawing ban on them was communicated to them to-day but before they could enter the Assembly Hall the House was adjourned.

Both Mr. G. M. Syed and Mr. Nichaldas Vizirani met Mr. Sidhwa and requested him to support their move for the formation of the new League ministry. They are reported to have assured Mr. Sidhwa that all the members of the Congress Assembly Party would soon be released and allowed to attend the Assembly.

Mr. Sidhwa, however, declined to commit himself though he is reported to have told them plainly that the bait of release of Congress members could not be made a condition for his support. According to him, it was the duty of every member of the Assembly to fight for the release of the members of the Congress Party.

Support To Moulabux

Khan Bahadur Haji Moula Bux saw His Excellency for about half an hour this evening when he is said to have shown the Governor a letter written to him by Sir Ghulam Hussain in which the Premier among other things volunteered to leave League if the High Command did not agree to the entry of the Khan Bahadur in the Ministry as an independent Muslim.

He is reported to have assured the Governor that if called upon, he would undertake to form an alternative ministry.

Later, Rai Sahib Gokal Das and Dr. Hemandas, the present two Hindu ministers are reported to have told the Governor that if Sir Ghulam Hussain did not stand by his promise given to Khan Bahadur Haji Moula Bux, they would stand by the latter and leave Sir Ghulam Hussain.—A.P.

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (JULY).
NEW YORK, Mar. 12.

Previous Closing	21.74
Today's Opening	21.74
Difference	Nil
Today's Closing	21.86
Difference	—12

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Mar. 12.

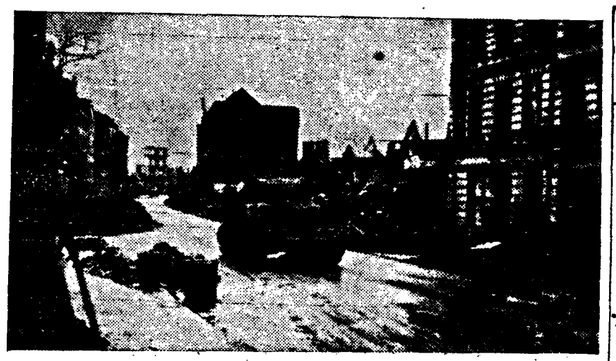
New York Stock Exchange opening prices.

General Motors dol. 65/5/8

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 32_1/4 63-1/2

United States Steel Common dol. dol. 63-1/2

United States Steel preference un. quoted.—Reuter.



ALLIES ENTER COLOGNE: U. S. tank rumbles through a wrecked street towards the centre of the city.—(U.S.O.W.I. Radiophoto)

New Crossing Across Rhine

AMERICANS CONSOLIDATING THEIR POSITION ON EAST SIDE; NO MORE NAZI COUNTER-ATTACKS

BERLIN, March 12 (Reuter).—The German Radio to-day reported that the Americans made a new crossing of the Rhine north and south of Rheinbreitbach, two miles north of the eastern end of the Remagen bridge and one and a half miles south of Honnef.

NAZI COUNTER-BLOWS FAIL TO MATERIALIZE

S.H.A.E.F., March 12.—(A.P.A. Correspondent, James Hsiung): American attacks, fed by reinforcements of men and big guns, bulged out the Remagen bridgehead over the Rhine another several hundred yards today.

Doughboys won more high ground—positions on the east bank from which German artillery tried and failed to knock down the Ludendorf bridge.

Latest information at Supreme Headquarters was that the Germans had not even attempted counter-attacks since two light jabs yesterday morning failed to check American expansion of the bridgehead.

The bridgehead itself had engulfed eight towns in an arc five miles north, four miles south and three miles east from Erpel.

It could now be disclosed that Lt. Gen. Courtney Hodges, U. S. First army commander, already had built up strength which nothing less than a major Nazi counterblow could budge. And as yet there was no indication the Wermacht had been able to reorganize such a force and get to the right spot.

Some American units were fighting for Honnef up the east bank road into he picuresque Siebengeburge—the Seven Mountain country. They were beyond Linz along the Loreli rock stretch of the Rhine gorge and into the Westerwaid black rock hills further inland.

Franz Westfoff, German radio war correspondent said in a broadcast heard in London, that the U. S. First army "has established many Rhine crossings north and south of Rhein-Breitbach." Rhein-Breitbach is south of Honnef.

(A Berlin dispatch to the STB news agency in Stockholm said that two American divisions already were over the Rhine in the vicinity of Linz and a steady stream of reinforcement was continuing to cross the river.)

14 Towns Captured By Patton's Troops

With the American Third Army in Germany, March 12 (APA Correspondent, E. D. Ball). The Third Army to-day had completed the elimination of Germans west of the Rhine and Moselle rivers except for small pockets.

Fourteen towns were captured by Lieut.-Gen. Patton's troops in winning domination over all the Moselle except for one 15-mile stretch.

On the Rhine the last enemy pocket was in a wooded area less than two miles square midway between Mayen and the river and its elimination was a minor scale task.

Of the fourteen towns captured eleven fell to the Tenth armoured division's cleanup of groups north of Trier.

FURTHER ADVANCE TOWARDS EAST.

With the American First Army Across the Rhine, March 12 (APA Correspondent, Don Whitehead). The bridgehead forces advanced a few hundred yards to the east last night to deepen the American bridgehead to more than three miles.

GERMAN GENERAL'S DILEMMA

(From Reuter's Military Correspondent)
LONDON, March 12.

Although the Allied bridgehead at Remagen is perhaps no more than a large-scale nuisance for the Germans, their failure to destroy it so far may become a major calamity by upsetting their carefully balanced strategy on the German front.

The Germans were apparently completely in the dark about it. Within few hours their military spokesmen have estimated that two American divisions are established across the river: That 25,000 Americans have crossed, and latest that almost the whole First Army has crossed over.—S. H. A. E. F.

Paris, March 12: General Eisenhower's communique today said: "Allied forces have eliminated the enemy bridgehead west of the Rhine at Wesel. We have extended our Remagen bridgehead to a width of nine miles and a depth of three miles."

The communique named five towns captured in the bridgehead including Linz.

Another six mile stretch of the Rhine has been cleared farther south and the Allies are one mile north of Coblenz. Nearly a score of towns and villages were taken when the Allies cleared the north bank of the Moselle river from Coblenz to Cochem.

Altogether the communique reports the capture of well over thirty towns and villages yesterday. On Saturday 4,719 prisoners were taken.

Major-General Gairdner, Area Commander, Poona, has consented to be President of the Maharashtra Hockey Association. He is a very well-known sporting figure both in England and outside having represented Ireland and Army in hockey.—A.P.

Singapore Bombed

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Super Forts from India bombed Singapore during daylight yesterday, said a War Department announcement today. A medium-sized force numbering about 40 struck factories near the naval base.—Reuter.

(SEE PAGE 5)

"GOLD RUSH" PREVENTED!

BOMBAY, Monday.

The special staff of the Customs Department seized a country craft yesterday while at anchorage and recovered 8,400 sovereigns and some jewellery. It is learnt that the boat was bound for some port in Persian Gulf. The sovereigns were found securely tied in small bags which were secreted in a basket. About 50 thousand sovereigns, approximately costing 25 lakhs of rupees have been seized by the Government during recent seizures.

India On Tory Conference Anvil

LONDON, March 12: India may be debated at the British Conservative Party Conference in London this week within the terms of a general resolution on Empire policy, although there is no specific Indian resolution on the agenda, says Reuter's Political Correspondent.

An event of the Conference will be a speech by Mr. Churchill on Thursday which may possibly give pointers to the line on which the party intends to fight the forthcoming general elections and might even give a strong hint of the election date.—Reuter.

NAIROBI, March 12: Big preparations are being made by the Ismailia community here to welcome the Aga Khan who arrives by air from Egypt on March 16. The Aga Khan expects to make Nairobi his headquarter for at least seven months.—Reuter.

BATTLE FOR DANZIG AND STETTIN

MOSCOW, March 12.

(From Reuter's special correspondent): As the Red Army intensifies its pressure on Danzig and the great Baltic port of Stettin and continues to mop up in Pomerania, heavy armoured battle is raging at Hitler's "backdoor" in south-east Germany, where the Germans are trying to break through to the Danube below Budapest.

The German troops clinging to the rapidly diminishing pocket based on Danzig and Gdynia under an all-out air and armoured attack are battling desperately to maintain communications between the two ports. They are also trying to prolong the struggle for Koenigsberg to the very last and are reported to be bringing up reinforcements by sea. Koenigsberg, battered grey and smoking still, stands before Soviet troops "like a gloomy citadel of Prussianism," as a Soviet correspondent puts it.

ON ODER FRONT

LONDON, March 12: The German news agency military correspondent Colonel Ernest von Hammer, said today that south of Kuestrin on the Oder front facing Berlin, the Russians with four infantry divisions and tanks have merged their local actions into a single attack on a broad front in support of their offensive against Kuestrin. He said the attack was made with heavy air support.

SOVIET PRESS ACCUSES POPE

MOSCOW, March 12: A strong attack upon the Vatican for its alleged support of reactionary forces in Italy is made in the current issue of the important Soviet journal "War and the Working Class."

After saying that General Roatta "butcher of Slovenian people" was not put on trial until one year after the Armistice; the journal declared: "In the fight against the complete elimination of Fascists and the creation of a free Democratic Italy, reactionary forces lean for support on the Vatican and the Church who take orders from there. The Vatican has done not a little to save from punishment a number of prominent Fascist leaders. It is largely on the insistence of the Vatican that numerous Fascist appointees still hold leading posts under local Government parties in southern Italy. It is a cherished ambition of the Vatican to preserve the principles of the Fascist system as far as possible without a Fascist signboard."—Reuter.

NO 'UNDERGROUND' POSSIBLE IN GERMANY?

Goebbels Sure Of Foreign Workers' Loyalty

BERLIN, March 12

The German Radio to-night says that Dr. Goebbels has received a large delegation of European workers with representatives from almost all the nations of the European continent.

Dr. Goebbels, addressing the workers, said: "The hostile outside world believed that it could form an underground organisation among foreign workers against the Reich, but these hopes have come to nothing. Never has there been the slightest indication of such a development."—Reuter.

Street Fighting In Honeff

BERLIN, March 12.

The German News Agency today reported fierce street fighting at Honeff on the east side of the Rhine, three and a half miles north of the Remagen bridge. The News Agency reported a third American penetration into Honeff.—Reuter.

REPARATIONS COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, March 12

The Secretary of State Mr. Edward Stettinius announced to-day the formation of an Allied Reparations Committee to be established in Moscow for determining the Reparations in kind to be paid by Germany for destruction on Allied territory.

Mr. Settinius described this as the first implementation of the decisions taken at Yalta.

He added that the American delegate would be Mr. Isadore Lubin, the Labour statistician who is now on the Whitehouse staff.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

Red Army Reaches Bay Of Danzig

MOSCOW, March 12.

Tczew, fifteen miles south-east of Danzig on the border of the former Free Zone has been captured by the Red Army, announces Marshal Stalin in an Order of the day. Russian troops have also reached the bay of Danzig, north of Gdynia.—Reuter.

Decisive Battle In China

CHUNGKING, March 12.

A decisive battle was going to be fought shortly on the Asiatic mainland, said Generalissimo Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek, in a message on the anniversary of the death of Dr. Sun Yat Sen. He exhorted the Chinese people to brace their spirit and intensify their war.—Reuter.

Assembly Vote Against Aurangzeb Khan's Govt.

Congress Ex-Premier To Consider Governor's Offer

PESHAWAR, March 12.

The no-confidence motion against the Aurangzeb Khan Ministry was carried in the Frontier Assembly to-day by 24 to 18 votes.

CONGRESS PARTY MEETING

The Congress Party is meeting this evening to consider their future line of action. It is expected that Dr. Khan Sahib will meet His Excellency the Governor either this evening or to-morrow.

Following the passing of the no-confidence motion, Sardar Aurangzeb Khan submitted the resignation of his Ministry to His Excellency, the Governor but has been asked to continue until his Excellency has had time to make alternative arrangements.

The following communique has been issued in this connection: "His Excellency the Governor today received the Hon'ble Sardar Mohammad Aurangzeb Khan who tendered the resignation of the Ministry. His Excellency has asked Sardar Mohammad Aurangzeb Khan and his colleagues to continue their administration until he has had time to make alternative arrangements for carrying on the Government of the Province."

This was the first trial of strength between the Muslim League Ministry and the Opposition as the Congress Party had not been attending the Assembly since the formation of the Ministry in May 1943.

Sardar Aurangzeb Khan was able to form the Ministry with the assistance of certain independent and ex-Congressite members who had joined the Muslim League Party and he claimed the support of the majority following four by-elections, three of which were won by the Muslim League. The Congress Party, however, boycotted two successive budget sessions in May 1943 and March 1944 demanding the release of ten detained Congress Members six of whom were, subsequently released. This coupled with no important ministerial defections last week enabled the Congress to table the no-confidence motion which was carried today by 24 votes against 18.

Before the Assembly commenced a large crowd gathered outside the Chamber shouting slogans. Both the Speaker of the Assembly and Dr. Khan Sahib, Leader of the Congress Party appealed to the crowd to disperse and allow the proceedings of the Assembly to be conducted in a peaceful atmosphere. The public was warned that if they did not disperse police would be summoned.

The no-Confidence Motion was moved by Dr. Khan Sahib who in the course of his speech said that in 1939 the Congress created a deadlock which continued till May 1943. In 1942, ten Congress M.L.As. were arrested but six of them were gradually released leaving four still in jail. Ministerial strength did not exceed 22 in a House of fifty. Twenty-two members, said Dr. Khan Sahib, did not constitute the majority and this precedent of a minority Government was unknown in the history of any country.

Dr. Khan Sahib said that in 1944 the Autumn Session was not summoned with a view to keeping the puppet Ministry in power. A requisition signed by 21 Congress M.L.As was ignored.

Dr. Khan Sahib alleged that during the regime of this Ministry, corruption was the order of the day and the Ministry was responsible for it. He said that the present Ministry was not in reality a representative Government but "was just like the puppet Government of Poland sitting in London."—A. P.

Aurangzeb Khan's Defence

Sardar Aurangzeb Khan replying to the allegations levelled against the ministry, said that but for the acceptance of office by the Muslim League there would have been another Bengal in the N.W.F.

He reviewed the work done by the ministry and said that the Government had deeds and not words to justify its existence. In addition to measures taken to relieve the distress caused by food shortage they had released all but 6 of the 1,500 political prisoners who were in jail when they assumed office.

"Our success in the by-elections," he declared, "shows the verdict of the people."—A. P.

Khan Sahib To Consider It

PESHAWAR, March 12: His Excellency the Governor invited Dr. Khan Sahib this evening to discuss with him the possible formation of a new ministry.

Dr. Khan Sahib has asked for a day or two in which he would consider the question, stated a "communique" issued from Government House.

It is understood that the Congress Party is meeting tomorrow to consider the matter.—A. P.

WHY NO ALL-PARTY GOVT. IN BENGAL

Finance Minister Dissatisfied With Number Of Politicals Released

CALCUTTA, March 12 (A.P.I.).

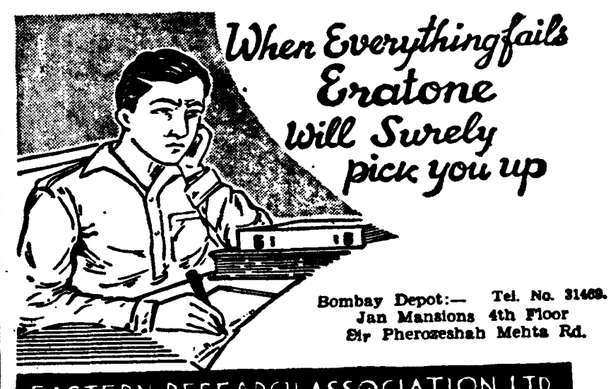
The general discussion on the Bengal Government's supplementary estimates for the current year concluded in the Bengal Legislative Council today.

Replying to the debate, Mr. T. C. Goswami, Finance Minister, said that the suggestion had been made by some members that there should be an all-party government in Bengal.

"I have often asked myself", he said "Have we in Bengal that necessary sense of national emergency and the sense of the great opportunities which we Bengalees are missing today? If we had, not merely within the precincts of the legislature but also outside, that sense of urgency and that sense of opportunity, I am sure that an all-party Government would have been in existence in this province".

Referring to the question of nationalisation of certain industries, the Minister said that the matter was being considered by the Bengal Government as well as by the Central Government. He could not at this stage anticipate any decision of the Government.

Regarding the release of political prisoners, Mr. Goswami said that he was convinced that the Chief Minister had a very liberal outlook on the subject and was taking risks in certain matters. Asked if he was personally satisfied with the pace and the number of releases, the Minister admitted that he was most unhappy about the number.



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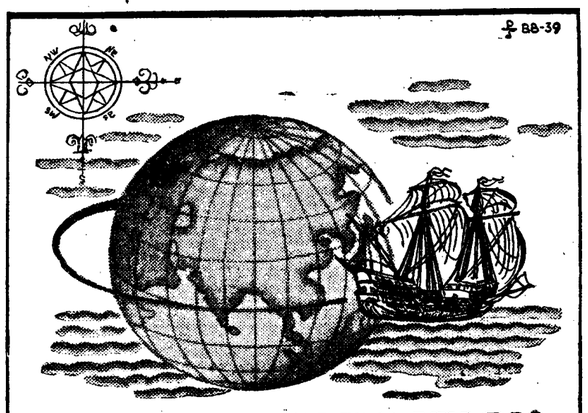

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NOTE:—Price refunded if unsuccessful. Letters of appreciation can be seen. Anybody proving them to be wrong will get a reward of Rs. 1,500.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE,
P.B. 61, (B.C.) LAHORE (INDIA).

INDIAN ARMY'S POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION

Social Service In Suburbs

Masani And Kher Appeal For Public Co-operation

Sir R. P. Masani, President, and Mr. B. G. Kher, Secretary of the Bombay Suburban Social Service League, write: We request the public to join the Bombay Suburban Social Service League and to render to it all possible help, financial and otherwise. The object of this new organisation is to work for all-sided social service among the inhabitants of the Bombay Suburban District in all possible ways. Its chief work at present will be to bring about improvements in the sanitary condition of the district to promote the social well-being of the population and to combat ignorance and superstition.

The programme of the League is comprehensive enough, as it is intended to cover various social activities, to be started for the physical, mental and economic betterment of the masses, and it is to be carried out at different centres in the suburbs with the full co-operation of representative local committees and social institutions, in consonance with the objects of the League.

The membership of this League is open to every person above the age of 21 years to be admitted according to the following rules as laid down in the League's Constitution:

(1) Patrons to pay Rs. 1,000 to the Society, by one or two instalments, within a year. (2) Life-Members to pay Rs. 250, in a lump sum. (3) Ordinary Members to pay a subscription of not less than Rs. 6 per annum.

It need hardly be stressed that the work to be achieved by the League will depend on the financial support that it secures from the public and we are sure that this appeal will meet with a good response from all public-spirited persons interested in the League's object to create healthy social conditions in the Suburban District of Bombay.

Those wishing to have fuller information about the League are requested to send for the Memorandum of the Association and Rules and Regulations, etc., or the Honorary Organiser will be pleased to see them by appointment.

Industrial Training In Thana District

(From Our Correspondent).

DAHANU, March 12.—Mr. C. A. Rawal, Industrial Inspector for Surat and Thana districts, visited Dahanu on Friday last with a view to exploring the possibilities of starting some industrial training classes here. It is understood that the Director of Industries proposes to start classes in crafts like carpentry, tailoring, drawing, cane and bamboo work, leather work, lacquor work, weaving, dyeing and printing, in Surat, Thana, Nasik and Belgaum districts. The training will be restricted to students of the backward classes, who will be helped with scholarships as well as the required material.

Accordingly classes have started working in the Surat District and a beginning is also made in the other districts. The idea in starting these classes is to encourage cottage industries.

"PRODUCE MORE DHOTIES & SARIS"

NEW DELHI, March 10: It is understood that in view of the shortage of bordered mill sarees and dhoties the Government of India have asked the mills to produce dhoties and saris in at least as large quantity as was produced in normal days.—United Press.

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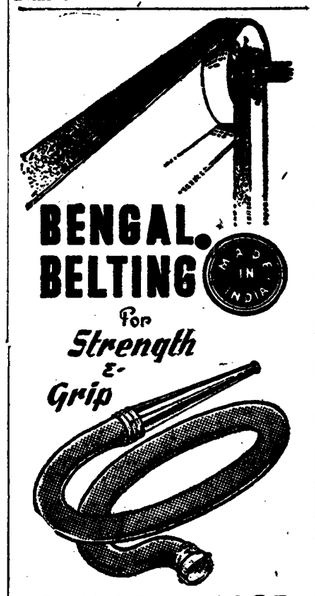

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Text Of Questionnaire

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, By Mail.

Details are now available of the Questionnaire recently issued by the Army Re-Organisation Committee to officials of the Central and Provincial Governments. Following is the full text of the Questionnaire.

(a) To make recommendations for:—

(i) And order of Battle for the Army in India required for Internal Security, the defence of the North-West Frontier, the North-East Frontier and the coasts and the general reserve.

(ii) The organisation for command the distribution and location of the troops.

(iii) The identity and class composition of the units recommended for inclusion in the Order of Battle.

(iv) Armament and equipment-recommendations as to the types of armament and equipment required, e.g., 25 pr. fun, 3" mortar.

(v) The periods of colour and reserve service for the various arms.

(vi) The number and type of units of the Indian States Forces which could usefully be included in the Order of Battle, and their roles, in the event of Rulers being willing to provide such units.

(b) To consider the possibility of providing from Indian man-power the army forces required and to make general recommendations as to their composition and locations.

(c) To make detailed recommendations for the location of the air forces allotted primarily for India's initial local defence. To make general recommendations regarding the locations of air forces necessary for the defence of India against a major attack before reinforcement arrive, including the defence of the coasts.

(d) To examine those aspects of the army problem which have their counterpart in the problems facing the R.I.N. and I.A.F., and to make recommendations with a view to achieving a policy common to all three services.

In the course of the examination of the problems set out in the terms of reference, the Committee has been asked to give due consideration to the following matters:—

(a) the desirability of formations and units being organised on basic establishments (including weapons, equipment and transport) so as to ensure flexibility of employment in any type of country and simplicity in transportation by water, land or air.

(b) utilisation of air transport where possible in order to increase mobility and thus reduce the number of troops required.

(c) assumption by the civil authorities of increased responsibility for law and order and a progressive lessening of the army commitment in aid of the civil power.

(d) the spreading of recruiting over as wide an area as possible. Retention in the future regular army of war-raised units for this purpose.

(e) possibility of creating a 2nd line force on a localized basis which could undertake tasks the fulfilment of which is necessary in war, and of absorbing or replacing the existing Auxiliary and Territorial Forces. Such a militia force might thus reduce the numbers of regular troops tied down to static roles such as A. A. Defence, coast defence, additional internal security duties consequent on expansion of the main administrative lay-out in India.

(f) the location of major training establishments.

(g) the grouping of units and formations in such a manner as to facilitate higher training in system of command analogous to war requirements.

(h) the desirability of simplifying the organisation and administration of the army.

CONTROL PRICE FOR SOAPS.

By a Notification the Central Government have fixed the maximum wholesale and retail prices chargeable in respect of the various proprietory brands of washing, toilet and carbolic soaps manufactured by the Tata Oil Mills Company, Ltd. Swastik Oil Mills, Ltd., Godrej Soaps, Ltd., Calcutta Chemical Company Ltd., Nasco Ltd. and Lever Brothers (India) Ltd. Unless otherwise stated, the wholesale prices are F. O. R. destination and the retail prices exclude octrol, terminal and such other local taxes.

A. I. N. E. C Next Session To Be Held In U. P.

ALLAHABAD March 11 (A.P.)

The first meeting of the newly elected Executive Committee of the U.P. Press Conference was held this evening at the residence of Mr. Krishna Ram Mehta, the Working President, Mr. Mehta presided. All the local members of the Committee attended.

The committee accepted the report of the Secretary in regard to the Second U.P. Press Conference held at Allahabad and passed the statement of account as submitted by the treasurer.

It was decided to call the next meeting of the Standing Committee at Allahabad on April 15. The place of the meeting will be announced later.

Mr. Vidya Bhaskar who is also a member of the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference informed the Committee that the next session of A.I.N.E.C. will be held in the United Provinces.

THIRTEEN INDIAN STUDENTS GET WATUMULL SCHOLARSHIP

Selected From 1,200 Candidates For Studies In America

Los Angeles, March 9 (AP) The Watumull Foundation of Honolulu and Los Angeles announced to-day the award of 13 scholarships and one travelling fellowship to candidates from India chosen from among 1,200 applicants.

Mrs. Gobindram J. Watumull, wife of the founder who is formerly from Hyderabad, Sind, said the selections were based on scholastic achievements regardless of sex, religion, caste or province. It is expected the students will arrive in the United States in the autumn of this year, and the foundation is arranging their admission to American universities.

The travelling fellowship was awarded to Dr. J. K. Mahajani of Hissar, the Punjab, animal geneticist, to study dairy industry genetics.

Recepients of the 13 scholarships are:

Agriculture—Dr. J. V. Bhatt, Professor in St. Xavier's College, Bombay, to study agricultural bacteriology; Amar Singh Rathore, of the Allahabad Agricultural Institute now at the Government Cattle Farm, Patna, to do research in cattle breeding and management; Punyamay Sen of the faculty of Visva-Bharati, to study anti-erosion.

Medicine—Dr. I. N. Purshottam, New Delhi, to study pediatrics; Miss (Dr.) Zubaida Nasir-ud-Din, formerly of the Punjab University, to study advanced medicine and surgery; Dr. Mahendra J. Bhatt, formerly of the University of Calcutta, to do research in tropical medicine.

Engineering—Amiya Kumar Chatterjee, Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering, College of Technology and Engineering, Bengal, to study electrical communications; S. A. Trivedi, formerly of the University of Bombay, to study chemical engineering.

Biochemistry—A. N. Bindal, Research Assistant, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, to study fermentation and biochemistry.

Education—Miss Tara Deodhar, Bombay University is awarded a scholarship honouring Mr. Watumull's mother Mrs. Hemandbai Jhamandas of Hyderabad, Sind.

Fisheries—H. D. R. Iyengar of Bangalore for research in fishery.

Sardar Gurbaxani, Research Worker, Department of Biochemistry, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, will study sanitation.

M. K. Hindorani, Assistant Mycologist, Agricultural Research Station, Dokri, Sind, will study mycology and plant pathology.

SHOLAPUR SCHOOL OF COMMERCE.

SHOLAPUR, March 11.

Under the auspices of the Sholapur School of Commerce, a Social Gathering of the past and present students was held on March 11 in the General Library Hall, Sholapur, under the presidentship of Mr. S. K. Mukarji, M.Sc., Divisional Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway Sholapur. Rao Saheb Deshpande, Asst. Public Prosecutor and Mr. Ashta putre addressed the gathering of over 200 students and distinguished people.

"Hidayatulla Is A Leaguer By Convenience"

U. P. League Leader Deplores Opportunist Policy For Forming Ministries

ALLAHABAD, March 11.

Mr. Z. H. Lari in a statement to the "Orient Press" on the political situation in Muslim provinces says, "it was a mistake to allow the formation of Ministries which did not command the support of a clear majority devoted to the Ministry as such and prepared to enforce the League's economic and political programmes. But it would be a greater mistake to bolster up such Ministries by admitting persons who turn Leaguers overnight.

"This smacks of opportunism unworthy of the League organisation and must not be countenanced. Sir Ghulam Hussain is a Leaguer by convenience and not by conviction. He would throw off the mask the moment his self-interest demands. The Sind Ministry under his leadership has not done a bit to ameliorate the condition of the masses. Sind is land of Haris and Mukhadims: Haris in Jagir areas are exploited in every way. A comprehensive tenancy act is the foremost demand of the province and the provincial League. But the Ministry would not heed. Mr. G. M. Syed, that upright, sincere and selfless worker of the Muslim League has raised the banner of revolt. The President of the All-India Muslim League has lightly disapproved of his somewhat precipitate action though the crooked ways of the Premier was responsible for the same.

The instance of Sind is only a pointer. Trouble is brewing in Assam and the N.-W. F. In Assam the continuance of the 'Line System is a standing reproach to the League Ministry, while the Frontier Ministry cannot claim credit for a single beneficial measure. Ministries which are concerned about their lives from day-to-day cannot but be feeble and wholely incompetent to carry out revolutionary measures calculated to better the lot of toiling millions."

Bengal Ministry though comprises of genuine Leaguers and has done some good work suffers from lack of support by a clear Indian majority and consequently has not been able to carry out through two urgent reforms namely reforming the secondary education system and the abolition of permanent settlement. It is high time that the League High Command reviews the position and directs all League Ministries either to carry out reforms demanded by the Provincial Leagues concerned or quit. They must assert if they can or else come out. We can afford to wait till the next election gives us absolute majority or coalition Government with the Congress be possible".—Orient Press.

Dr. Gokhale Honoured At Poona

POONA, March 12.

"In a subject country like India, the journalists must take up their due share in the task of liberating the country," stated Mr. D. C. Gokhale, President-elect of the next session of the Marathi Journalists' Conference, at a reception given by the Poona Journalists' Association. Mr. Y. K. Khadilkar, Editor, "Nava Kal", Bombay, presided.

After tracing the history of journalism in India, Mr. Gokhale urged the working journalists to be alert and not to allow their sense of patriotism to be exploited for selfish purposes.

He appealed to them to unite and have a solid front so that their legitimate demands could be met.—United Press.

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* Plans are now being made whereby candidates from the services may elect for special training, at Government expense, in selected trades or professions.
* Candidates who are now at universities are entitled to valuable post-war educational concessions by means of which they may continue their studies after the war. Actual details may be obtained from the authorities of your own university.

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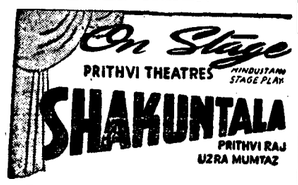

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INTER-RELIGIOUS CONFERENCE—Dr. B. M. Barua of the Calcutta University (at the microphone) addressing the session on Sunday.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Falgun Vad 14, 2001.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 27, 1364.
Parsi: Meher 11, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-50 a.m. Sunset: 7-48 p.m.
Hightide: 12-22, 24-59.
Lowtide 6-23, 18-20.
Municipal Improvements Committee, 3-30 p.m. (B. T.).
BOMBAY CORPORATION Meeting today at 1-30 p.m. (Bombay Time).

To-day's Engagements

ADDRESS TO DR. PAVRI
Under the auspices of the Dr. M. B. Pavri Appreciation Fund Committee, public meeting at C. J. Hall, today at 6-15 p.m. Sir Homi Mehta to preside.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ, MATUNGA: Lecture by Swami Sarvananda of Ramakrishna Mission on 'The Message of Vedanta to the Modern Age' today at 7-30 p.m.

KHALSA STUDENTS AND "PRESIDENT WILSON"
All the students of Khalsa College are requested by Mr. J. N. Shukla, for seeing the film 'President Wilson' at Regal theatre today at 5.15 p.m. show. Those who have given money and names will be allowed.

SOCIETY FOR PROTECTION OF CHILDREN: The annual general meeting in the Municipal Corporation Hall on Wednesday the 28th inst., at 6-30 p.m. (N. S. T.).

Indian Iron And Steel Workers

The General Secretary, Bombay Iron and Steel Workers' Union, Red Flag, writes:—

A public meeting of the workers of Ford Motor Company of India was held in the Marwadi Vidyalay Hall, Sandhurst Road to consider the demands to be sent to the management. Important amongst them were (1) Fourteen days notice to be given before removal of a worker. (2) 15 days' leave with pay in a year when applied for by the worker (3) Gratuity (4) Timely and adequate compensation to injured workers, etc.

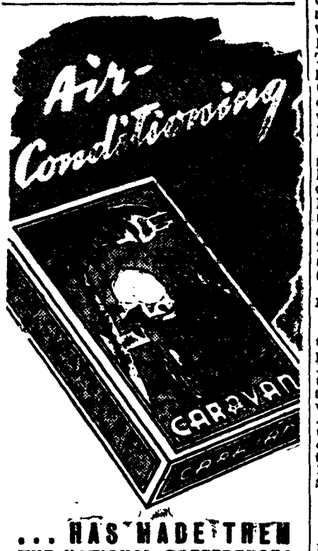
The meeting was attended by 400 workers of the Company's Plant at Charni Road, and addressed by Mr. V. Chaudhari, Secretary of the Union.

Rashtrabhasha Examinations

The Pariksha Mantri writes: The Rashtrabhasha Prachar Examinations of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, were held on 3rd and 4th February, 1945 at 420 centres. In all 19,014 candidates applied for the examinations. The details are as follows:

Province.	Candidates.	Centres.
Assam	659	19
Bengal	192	6
Utkal	651	15
Sind	1,741	27
Gujarat	5,187	147
Maharashtra ..	7,951	167
Bombay	1,833	5
Vidarbha-Nagpur	800	34

The result will be declared on March 25.



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Inter-Religious Co-operation

Convention To Continue Work Of Mutual Goodwill

BOMBAY, Monday.

The final session of the Inter-Religious Convention was held at Sunderabai Hall this evening. Dr. M. R. Jayakar, who was expected to preside sent a message of goodwill to the convention, and regretted his inability to attend as he was indisposed. Dr. J. C. Chatterjee presided.

The Rev. Mr. James Kellock, Principal of Wilson College, opened a discussion on how far religious co-operation could abolish social evils.

Mr. Kellock said that the unity of such a convention on social problems, like gambling, prostitution, sweated labour, illiteracy, starvation, etc., could not be questioned on these points: they all had a common conscience, and could get together for the abolition of these evils.

Mr. N. Desai, Principal, People's Own School, Vile Parle, said that the word religious tolerance, smacked of condescencion. The attempt must be made to understand and appreciate what was elevating in other religions.

Swami Dharmathirtha said that religion would survive to the extent it worked for co-operation and uplift. His speech was abruptly terminated by the President, as a result of which some members of the audience protested. The President considered that the speaker had gone beyond the ten minutes given him.

The Conference adopted a resolution that the Managing Committee of the Convention should continue as the Inter-religious Convention in order to further the work of mutual understanding and mutual goodwill.

Swami Sharvanandji, in his benedictory speech, spoke about the nebula, the cosmic energy and the stars. He said that what caused the motion of what was inert, was not an accident but Cosmic inteligence.

All religions, he said, admitted that the reality of all realities was a spiritual principle. The prophets, saints and sages sensed it. Dogmatism and assertion were characteristic of ignorance and charlatanry, but wisdom lay in viwing religion from the scientific viewpoint.

Need For Greater Congress Contact With Muslims

"Congressmen and Communal Unity" was the subject of an enlightened talk by Mr. Adam Adil, under the auspices of the Matunga and Sion Congress Samites at Pioneer Middle School, Dadar, on Monday night.

Mr. Adil opined that communal propaganda and particularly propaganda of an anti-Congress nature, by communalists of both the communities was one of the main causes of the Muslims' aloofness from the Congress. To counteract the evil effects of this propaganda, Mr. Adil suggested that Congressmen should establish direct contact with the Muslim masses and work for their social and economic uplift.

Mr. Adil further urged that Congressmen should put into effect Mahatma Gandhiji's suggestion that Hindu employers should employ as many Muslims in factories and institutions under their control. That was the only effective way, said Mr. Adil, to inspire confidence among the Muslims and attract their sympathy towards the Congress.

NATIONAL PROGRESS EXHIBITION
Mr. S K Patil writes:—

The Rashtra Vikas Pradarshan (National Progress Exhibition) which was projected to be held in the City of Bombay during the forthcoming National Week, has now been postponed to October when it will be held along with the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations. Any suggestions in connection with this Exhibition should be communicated to Mr. Kisan Mehta, Secretary of the Exhibition Committee, at 49, Bajaj Road, Vile Parle (West), Bombay Suburbs.

ANTI-WATER WASTE CAMPAIGN
The Municipal Commissioner will award a prize of Rs. 100 for the best pictorial poster on the subject of prevention of water waste. The competition is open to all, including the Municipal staff.

Information and the rules of the competition may be obtained from the office of the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, during the office hours (10-40 A.M. to 5-40 P.M. (N.S.T.) on week days and 10-40 A.M. to 2-40 P.M. (N.S.T.) on Saturdays.)

The last date for receiving entries is March 31, 1945.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, MARCH 13.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. News (H). 8-15 News (E). 8-30 Vazir Bai. 8-45 Nritya Sangeet. 8-50 News (M). 9-0 News (G). 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Vilayat Husain. 9-45 Geet.

12-30 p.m. Marathi Songs. 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1-0 Music from Films. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music. 5-0 Japan-Nu-Arthic Band-Haran (G). 5-15 A. Y. Zarapkar. 5-30 Rambhau Ashtekar. 5-45 Topical Talk. 5-55 Locals. 6-0 Children's Half-Hour (G). 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6-45 News Commentary (G). 6-50 Music from Film. 7-0 Mala Avadaleli Pustake (M). 7-15 Laxmi Bai Kelkar. 7-43 Anwar Khan (Baroda) (Sitar). 8-0 A. Y. Zarapkar. 8-15 News (M). 8-30 News (G). 8-45 Anwar Khan (Sitar). 9-0 News (H). 9-20 News (E). 9-30 B. B. C. News. 9-45 New World and Common man (E). 10-0 Luise Vajid Mahmood (Pianoforte). 10-15 Interlude: (Violin). 10-35 Interlude. 10-45 Ernst Politzer (Violincello).

Murray Purdy Given 6 Months

Rearrested on February 21, Dr. Murray Purdy was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, on Monday, on a charge of escaping from lawful custody. The accused pleaded guilty.

The prosecution case was that the accused, involved in a case of theft and in other cases, was arrested and brought to court on February 15. After the hearing of the case was adjourned, the accused asked for a lunch, went to a lavatory and escaped through a swing-door, in accordance with a well-laid-out plan. He was subsequently rearrested at Malad.

Reclamation House Collapse Case

Mr. N. P. Engineer, Advocate-General, advanced arguments on Saturday afternoon before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on behalf of the prosecution in the Churchgate House Collapse Case, in which R. M. Engineer, a building contractor stood charged with being rash and negligent in the discharge of his duties, thereby causing death and grievous injury to several persons.

The complete collapse of the building, he said told its own tale. The whole building, collapsing completely was itself evidence of the fact that the concrete for construction was very bad. The primary responsibility in the case, he said was with the contractor. According to the prosecution evidence, it had been proved that the concrete used for the construction of the building had very little strength and the steel reinforcements had very little cohesion with the concrete.

Mr. N. P. Engineer, with Mr. N. K. Pettigara appeared for the prosecution. Mr. C. K. Daphtary appeared for the defence.

COLLECTOR'S CERTIFICATE FINAL

Decision Under Rent Act

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kania)

Tulsiram Devidayal ..... Appellant (Original Petitioner)
Versus
N. A. Faruqui, Collector of Bombay ..... Respondent

Their Lordships dismissed an appeal from a judgment of Mr. Justice Chagla dismissing the petitioner's application for an order under the Specific Relief Act in the nature of mandamus.

The petitioner, the owner of factory premises at Mazagaon had let out a portion of them, but his business having expanded he sought to evict the tenant. Confirming the order of the Rent Controller, the Collector refused to grant the necessary Certificate under the Rent Act 'inter alia' on the ground that it was not open to a landlord to "expand his existing business beyond the space available to him and then to seek to throw out his well-established tenants."

Counsel for the appellant contended that the Collector's construction of the word "reasonable" in the Rent Act was opposed to that to put upon it by the Bombay High Court in three cases that the word must be construed with reference to the actual requirements of the landlord.

Their Lordships held that the question whether the landlord required the premises 'bona fide' and reasonably for his own use was left to the Rent Controller and the Collector, and the High Court had, in view of Section 14 of the Rent Act, no jurisdiction to interfere with their decision. Their Lordships therefore dismissed the appeal.

Mr. H. D. Banaji instructed by Messrs. Ranchhoddas and Co. appeared for the appellant.

The Advocate-General Mr. N. P. Engineer and Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Little and Co., appeared for the respondent.

Young Men's Hindu Association

The Annual general meeting of The Young Men's Hindu Association was held on Saturday, in the Anand Bhuvan Hall. Mr. Gordhandas Morarji presided. The annual report for the year 1944 which was adopted at the meeting refers to the various educational and social activities carried on by the Association. The total membership which is over 550 includes many prominent persons of all shades of opinion and different section in the Hindu Community. The Association finds it difficult to carry on its activities in rented premises and an appeal is made in the report for liberal donations for the Building fund started by the Association for a Hindu Home in Bombay.

The Hon. Mr. Mangaldas M. Pakwasa, President of the Bombay Legislative Council, has been unanimously elected as the President of the Association and Messrs. Prabhashanker R. Bhatt and Mr. R. G. Saraiya have been elected as Vice-Presidents. The other members of the Committee elected at the general meeting are: (1) Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji, (2) Mr. V. G. Motwane, (3) Mr. B. S. Dabke, (4) Mr. B. S. Rangnekar, (5) Mr. V. M. Telang, (6) Mr. S. G. Sanzgiri, (7) Mr. C. E. Mahimkar, (8) Mr. S. S. Nimbalkar, (9) Mr. B. P. Jog, (10) Mr. P. N. Waikar, (11) Mr. H. M. Trivedi, (12) Mr. N. H. Pandya, (13) Mr. Dinubhai L. Bhatt, (14) Mr. K. T. Divecha, (15) Mr. S. V. Khadpekar, (16) Mr. M. B. Wadke.

Corporation Adjourns In Honour Of Raja Narendranath

On a motion by Mr. M. N. Talpade, seconded by Mr. R. K. Tatnis, the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation scheduled to be held today was adjourned as a mark of respect to the memory of Raja Narendranath of Lahore.

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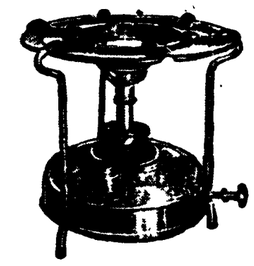

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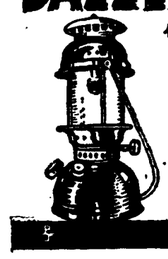

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, March 12.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eght hours L M T on 9/3/1945:

Allahabad 85 52 0, BOMBAY 92 75 0, Calcutta 88 57 0, Cawnpore 81 49 0, Cuttack 93 64 0, Darjeeling 61 42 0, Delhi 81 49 0, Dehra Dun 77 51 0, Jacobabad 88 51 0, Karachi 83 63 0, Lahore 87 50 0, Lucknow 85 50 0, Madras 88 72 0, Nagpur 92 61 0, Patna 81 53 0, Peshawar 78 47 0, Shillong 72 46 0, Simla 56 42 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Independence is not a happy word in the world today, for it means exclusiveness and isolation. Civilization has had enough of narrow nationalism and gropes towards a wider co-operation and inter-dependence. And if we use the word independence we do so in no sense hostile to the larger ideal. Independence for us means complete freedom from British domination and British imperialism. Having attained our freedom I have no doubt that India will welcome all attempts at world co-operation and federation, and will even agree to give part of her own independence to a larger group of which she is an equal member.

—JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

The Bombay Chronicle

STOP THIS FARCE

Sir Olaf Caroe recently told the Central Assembly that representation of nations attending the San Francisco Conference, and therefore, of India too, would be on a ministerial level, which involved the non-inclusion of non-officials. In actual fact this statement is quite incorrect. The United States—before which even Sir Olaf Caroe would bow—is sending a delegation composed almost equally of official Democrats and non-official Republicans. The Canadian Premier, Mr. MacKenzie King, has just announced that his country will have among its representatives members of the Opposition also. These two instances, which ought to be enough even for Sir Olaf Caroe and his principals both in New Delhi and in Whitehall, clearly prove that the argument he advanced in the Central Assembly was no more than a palpably specious excuse for excluding non-officials. There is no Indian who need wonder why Sir Olaf Caroe was so keen on confining the personnel of the "Indian" Delegation to members on "a ministerial level" And Indians will find full vindication of their opinion in Sir Olaf's successful efforts in the Assembly on Monday last to choke off any discussion on the subject.

But what about these gentlemen, the "Ministers", Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar and Sir Firoz Khan Noon who have been nominated to represent India at San Francisco? It will be a Conference of the United Nations each of whom will be represented by popular representatives of a democratic and free nation. In this Assembly of spokesmen of peoples will sit Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar and Sir Firoz Khan Noon as spokesmen of Indians. Their qualification is not that they had ever been elected by any known democratic procedure but appointed "Ministers" over the head of the people of India by an undemocratic, autocratic authority of an undemocratic and constitutionally irresponsible Government. As a further qualification they have been defeated in the Central Assembly time and again and democratically "dismissed" by the representatives of the country belonging to all its political parties. If ever there was a body of men which could not represent India it is the members of the Government of India. But two of them are to "represent" us among the genuine representatives of free peoples. The anomaly cannot be suppressed from the world by Sir Olaf Caroe's efforts in the Central Assembly. Our phoney representatives will excite ridicule, courteously restrained, of course. But the spectacle is a matter of concern for a self-respecting nation. It is not an honour, it is a world-wide humiliation for India that she should be "represented" by oft-condemned men at such an Assembly as that of the United Nations at San Francisco.

This farce of representation would naturally have been severely condemned by the Central Assembly if that body were permitted a chance to discuss the subject. But unfortunately two motions to discuss the personnel of the delegation were ruled out of order by the President. We believe that the ruling was quite wrong. It would have been right, under the present constitution, if the delegation were chosen solely by the Viceroy. But the selection was made by the Government of India and the Assembly has a right to discuss the selection though not to alter it. Though there was some discussion prior to the ruling, it turned almost entirely on the merits of the selection and not on the constitutional right of the Assembly to discuss the selection. The President, too, did the same in giving his ruling. He argued that, while it was open to the Government to choose non-officials, there was no such obligation on it. True, but this was beside the point when the primary question at issue was whether or not the Assembly had a right to discuss the Government's selection with a view to persuading it to rectify its error and change the personnel. For the very reason that Government could select non-officials, too, the Assembly had a right to tell it to do what it could. It is pity the President's ruling has robbed the Assembly even of a chance to impress upon Governments the magnitude of its blunder and have it retrieved by itself before it was too late. However, though the world will not be deceived by the farce of representation of India at the Conference, Government's imposition upon the country of officials, to the complete exclusion of representative non-officials, should not go unchallenged. It must be emphatically condemned by the public.

Frankly Speaking

Sind "Solution"

The Muslim League Council of Action could not but choose the course that it has adopted as regards the Sind Ministerial issue. The interesting fact must be emphasised here again that the Council of Actien as also Mr. Jinnah did not denounce Sir Ghulam Husain, as Mr. Jinnah did Mr. G. M. Syed, immedately on the appointment of Haji Maula Bux the Azad Muslim. The delay even in the despatch of a categorical directive is illuminating. Premiership was more important than presidentship of the Provincial League and office through efforts to convert Haji Moula Bux more important than principle which was defied by Sir Ghulam Husain even though only for a few days. We are not surprised that Sir Ghulam Husain has given the go by to his solemn undertaking to Haji Moula Bux. But it yet remains to be seen how and for what length of time Sir Ghulam Husain and Mr. G. M. Syed sail in, let alone pilot, the same boat.

Exit At Last

Meanwhile the Muslim League has sustained another blow. Its Ministry has been defeated in the North-West Frontier Province. The Frontier League Ministry was, to say nothing worse of it, a freak. A definitely minority party was sneaked into office and kept there by methods that were neither democratic nor constitutional. But its existence gave Muslim League propagandists to claim the Frontier Province too as theirs, although it has always been a Congress rather than a Muslim League Province. The respective positions have at last been vindicated.

Abuse Of Power

A Commissioner may have power to refuse sanction to a donation made by a District Local Board in his Division. But the Commissioner of the Southern Division has grossly abused that power in refusing sanction to the donation of Rs. 2,000 made by the Bijapur district Local Board to the Kasturba Memorial Fund. There is nothing political about the Fund. Its settled policy is to give economic and educational help to poor women and children in villages. It has specially chosen this service for the reason, among others, that villages have not received so far adequate attention either from Government or Local Bodies or the public. The Bijapur Local Board evidently sought, by its donation, to make some amends for its past neglect of villages. The small grant might have enabled the Fund to render greater service to the district than it would have been possible for the Board to do independently with that sum. The Commissioner has, besides betraying inexcusable prejudice, made that service difficult, if not impossible. The Board should not treat the Commissioner's decision as the last word on the subject.

Another Foolish Order

Gandhiji's statement on the official ban on constructive workers of Akola and elsewhere should make officials as well as the workers think seriously. A few days ago it was the Additional Magistrate of Nagpur who took an unenviable lead in ordering that even unbanned Congress organisations or fresh organisations of Congress workers in the district should not carry on any activities of the banned organisations implying clearly that even the Constructive programme of the Congress should not be carried out by the workers. And now comes the Akola Magistrate, who has issued a similar foolish order giving one the impression that such orders are not mere vagaries of particular officials but have been inspired by the Provincial Government. The Akola Magistrate is reported to have argued that the meetings of local Congressmen would impede war effort. It does pass one's comprehension, as Gandhiji points out, how the discussion about constructive work can impede war effort. If that is a sensible plea it means practically that Congressmen should not confer at all. In the circumstances Gandhiji's advice is: "Congressmen whose only calling is service of the people will serve mutely and without caring for the consequences that may befall them by reason of their service, that is the true meaning of do or die". The workers concerned should obtain from Gandhiji clarification as to the implications of the word "mutely".

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Public opinion is never tongue-tied.

* * *

Any one can live on love alone—for a few minutes.

* * *

People who wear paste jewels have a right to be stuck up.

* * *

It takes a born diplomat to appear to be interested in other people's troubles.

* * *

Every man is willing to patch up a quarrel—provided he is allowed to select the patch.

* * *

The next day after she becomes engaged a girl begins to wonder if her happiness will last until she is married.

Badruddin Tyabji

The 100th birthday of the great Indian leader Mr. Badruddin Tyabji is shortly to be celebrated in Bombay under the presidentship of the Mayor Mr. Nagindas Master and under the auspices of the Muslim Majlis of which the General Secretary Mr. Adam Adil has recently convened a preliminary meeting. Mr. Tyabji's name today is almost forgotten. I, therefore, bring to light some of the important events in his life.

Tyabji was born in October 1844 and died in London on 19th August 1906. He was the first Indian Barrister in Bombay and Western India, first Indian leader of the Bombay Bar, first Indian Judge on the Original Side of the Bombay High Court and the first Indian to act as Bombay's Chief Justice.

He was the first member of the Legislative Council among Telang, Pherozeshah Wacha and Ranade. He was the leader of the trio known as the "Bombay Triumvirate" of Badruddin Tyabji, Pherozeshah Mehta and Telang. He was Chairman of the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association, when Pherozeshah Mehta and Telang were Secretaries. He was the third President of the Indian National Congress in 1887. He was one of the greatest presidents of the Congress.

He was Secretary and President of the Anjuman-i-Islam for over thirty years, ever since its commencement. Pherozeshah described Tyabji as "Perhaps the greatest Mussalman in India." His elevation to the Bench in 1896 put an end to his political life, otherwise in public and political life Tyabji would have ranked with Pherozeshah and Wacha.

ADI K. MUNSHI.

Security Prisoners' Plight

You must have learnt about the news of the recent transfers of Messrs. S. M. Joshi and C. G. Gupte from Nasik Road Central Prison to Ahmedabad Jail. It is really surprising that they should be transferred to a very hot place during this summer season.

The health of both Messrs. Joshi and Gupte is far from satisfactory. Mr. Joshi is anaemic and was under medical treatment in the N.R.C.P. His weight is merely a hundred pounds which is considerably less than the necessary physical equivalent of 125 lbs. Mr. Gupte has lost something like 35 lbs. in jail. Besides he is suffering from kidney troubles.

It is really awful that they are transferred to a notoriously hot place. This will mean nothing but impairing of their health.

According to the present policy of the Government, the prospects of their early release are gloomy. So if they are kept in a hot climate which is not at all familiar to them, their health will be worsened. If their health is impaired that will have a lasting effect upon their future.

The security prisoners are allowed two interviews per month. But it is not possible to take advantage of this facility. Travelling now-a-days has been extremely inconvenient. And the longer the journey, the more are the hardships. It is utterly impossible to undertake such long journeys every month. And as my husband is transferred to a very distant place like Ahmedabad, it will be impossible to go there at all.

I serve as a teacher in M.E.S. Girls' High School, Poona. It is impossible to get leave every month. Besides it has been economically very difficult to spend every month on travelling. And longer the journey the more the expenses.

I have applied for his transfer. But I do not think, I will receive a favourable reply. I had applied twice for his transfer to Y.C.P. when he was at Nasik. Instead of transfer to Yeravda my husband has been transferred to a still more distant a place like Ahmedabad.

I hope that if my grievance is ventilated through your newspaper, it will add some weight to my application and may help to a certain extent.

P.S.—I have just received a negative reply from I. G.

TARABAI JOSHI.
(Mrs. S. M. Joshi).

Colour Question More Important Than War

Dr. Malan On South Africa's Last Chance

CAPETOWN, March 12.

Dr. Malan, Leader of the Opposition said today that he wished to ask the Prime Minister—as far as the colour question was concerned, where was South Africa going? That was something that overshadowed in importance even the War and the aftermath of the War. The war would end and even the damage done by the war could eventually be repaired by a great effort and steps could be taken to assure better existence for sections of the people.

"I include the question: What will be the position of the White race? The matter goes even deeper: Will there eventually be a White Race in South Africa? In this country as elsewhere, the dividing line is not between groups of the non-European population, but essentially between the White and the non-White. He wished to deal with the matter broadly and not to take the Native coloured or Indian questions separately.

It was proper, said Dr. Malan, to ask whether the Prime Minister and his party could rise above party political interest and approach this all important matter from the broad national standpoint of South Africa's future.

S. AFRICA'S LAST CHANCE

The Colour question, is undoubtedly South Africa's biggest, most serious and "most unsolved" problem South Africa's fate hung in the balance today South Africa still had a chance but he feared it was her last chance. It was today no longer a clash between the point of view of the Europeans in the northern provinces and the Europeans in the South, but non-Europeans themselves had started agitation. The Government showed a complete lack of policy. Among a section of the European population and also to a degree in the Government, there was an attitude of fatalism.

In so far as policy is concerned, the Government is going backward resulting in a dangerous accumulation of explosive material. There is a deep feeling of anxiety among all sections of the European population both English speaking and Afrikan-speaking. In Natal, there was a greater penetration by Indians than ever with money-power behind it. Natal was agitated over the Indian question. At present nobody knew what the position would be in future.

The attitude of the Ministry of Finance was well-known; He was a Liberal and as far as could be seen, opposed to any kind of racial discrimination; it could be said for him that he had been faithful to his convictions and had been prepared to suffer for them.—Reuter.

INDIA MUST NOT LAG BEHIND IN RACE FOR POST-WAR EXPORTS

Africa And Overseas Chamber Deputation To Commerce Member

Mr. Hoosenbhoy A. Lalljee, M.L.A. Mr. Dawood Hajee Nasser, Mr. Amrit Lal Kanji, Mr. Aziz H. Lalljee, Mr. Bhaichand Shah and Mr. Mohammad Ali Nasser, on behalf of Africa and Overseas Merchants Chamber of Bombay waited upon the Honourable the Commerce Member and drew his attention to the fact that while Great Britain and United States of America and the Dominions were already organising expansion of their exports in a manner more vigorous than that had been their policy before the war for several years, they regretted to find that so far as this country was concerned nothing was being done in that direction and they were pained to observe that whatever little exports they had prior to the war and during the war were not attempted to be maintained. More particularly they were pained to notice that while vigorous planning was being done for export of textiles from those countries to India, those concerned in the Indian textile industry who had to pass through very difficult times often in the past seemed unfortunately to be now quite unconscious in this respect. The Deputation therefore earnestly appealed to the Governments that they should kindly do the needful and will rouse those in slumbers as the textile industry in this country was as much a concern of theirs as of the agriculturists, labourers and others.

While making this appeal, the Deputation assured the Hon'ble member that they were fully conscious of the requirements of the people but in light of the developments that have taken place in this industry in this country for war purposes which fortunately is expected to end soon, they had ample confidence in the belief that the supplies, both for India and for Exports would be available and that with the very much improved organisation for a fair and equitable distribution in the country and the expansion of production, the fear of any shortage for our home consumption must, if any prevails, vanish.

COMMERCE MEMBER'S REPLY

The Hon'ble the Commerce Member informed the Deputation that he generally agreed with their views and it would be his endeavour to see that both the Indian consumption and the normal exports will be satisfied and in this respect he hoped that all concerned would try their best to convince the public in India in the first instance regarding the adequacy of supplies, and thereafter the export markets where Indian goods have been going and could be exported.

PLEA FOR EXPORTS

The Deputation requested the Hon. Member to make such arrangements with the manufacturers that while supplying the needs of the country they should also make it their duty in their own interests to arrange for regular supplies to the exporters and thus encourage Indian exporters to maintain for this country those markets which, as is well-known, they have so long maintained with so many difficulties and even after undergoing inhuman and disgraceful racial discrimination which Sir Zaffrullah Khan and his colleagues have so vividly expressed before the world.

The Honourable member as well as the Joint Secretary Mr. Sukthankar, C.I.E., I.C.S., assured the deputation that they will do their best to impress upon all concerned as asked for.

The Deputation also placed before the Honourable Member their representation regarding Exporters' representations on committees as also regarding some hardships they often experienced with reference to assessment procedure adopted by the Income-Tax authorities and with regard to War Risk (Goods) Insurance Ordinance.

The Honourable Member and Joint Secretary assured the Deputation that they would give their active consideration to those questions as well.

The Deputation discussed the matter of Goodwill Trade Missions to Countries in the Middle East and East Africa and pointed out that the authorities of those countries had signified their willingness to welcome such missions.

The Honourable Member assured that the Government would give their most sympathetic consideration to this question.

Indian Textiles For Australia After War

CANBERRA, March 12: The India Trade Delegation leader, Mr. Datar Singh, told the Australian Cabinet at a luncheon in Parliament House today that India felt she was in a position to supply Australia's textile requirements replacing Japan during post-war years.

Indian textiles should be given the same preference as other British countries. Closer economic co-operation necessary. Mr. Datar Singh said he was convinced that there were great trade increase possibilities.

Australia's and India's commodities were complementary and non-competitive. They could send to Australia tea, jute, mica, oilseeds and textiles. Australia had wheat, wool, canned foodstuffs and a large range of specialised manufactured commodities—Reuter.

Mr. Datar Singh said: "The mission had for its main objective:

"Firstly, to determine how far Australia could provide India with capital and consumer goods immediately and in the post-war period but immediate action was necessary;

"Secondly, to discuss the possibilities of a trade pact between Australia and India similar to that with New Zealand and Canada;

"Thirdly, to explore the establishment of direct shipping lines between the two countries;

"Fourthly, development of textile trade replacing Japan with preference given to India the same as other countries of the British Commonwealth;

"Fifthly, to arrange for the exchange of technicians and students."

Prime Minister Curtin said that the possibility of trade development between the two countries was great. He hoped that the mission's efforts would be successful. "Australia", he said, "regards India as a brother in the welfare of the British Commonwealth and anything we can do will be done willingly."—Reuter.

FUTURE OF PAPERS UNDER IDEAL DEMOCRACY

"Contact's" Questionnaire To Servicemen: Opinion Invited On Press Combines

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, March 12.

"What would you expect from newspapers produced under an ideal democracy", is one of the questions asked from men in the Dfence Services in India by the bi-weekly "Contact", produced by the Services for the Services".

Writing editorially the paper refers to the 'Eighth Army News' printed for troops in Italy which has been running a series of letters from its readers on the subject of the type and style of newspaper they want after the war. The paper says that the temper of the people has changed. Civilian and Servicemen after five years of war have shown out their own system of values: they know what matters and what doesn't.

The paper emphasises that "Unless men returning from Services insist on maintaining the present outlook, things may quickly slip back to the era of false values."

The paper adds "A free press is a part of a vital democracy. Through it the people can make a big contribution to the Government of the country. For that reason "Contact" would like to know what servicemen in the Far East have to say on the subject, how far do you think press has succeeded or failed. What would you expect from newspapers produced under ideal democracy? Are you in favour of Press combines or do you think that independent newspapers better serve the end which we are fighting to achieve? What would you do to ensure that the Press constantly keeps public opinion alive to its responsibilities after this war." These are some of the questions that have to be answered by those who want a new order for Britain. We do not think that 1939 standards which abounded in the Press world will meet the demands of Servicemen who have changed.

Suggestions have got to come from you as they must do when many issues of consequence arise in the post-war period."

It is interesting to note that the question of newspaper combines was emphasised by Mr. Vesugar, till lately Industrial Adviser to the Government of India, in his report or planning which he had submitted to the Government. The dangers of newspapers combines were also emphasised by some of the newspaper editors such as Messrs. Brelvi and Punniah in their speeches made last year. They were referring to such combines in this country.

Japs Sealed In Mandalay Fort

Death Or Surrender Is Only Alternative For Them

ALFSEA H.Q., March 12: (A.P. A.): Dug-in Japanese inside Fort Dufferin and in Mandlay south of the fort bitterly contested every foot of ground to-day and progress of Indian and British troops was slow.

Artillery had breached the walls of the fort in three places but the 75-yard moat so far was an effective barrier to the entry of British ground forces.

Japanese defenders, sealed so securely inside the fort that they had only the choice of death or surrender, were being pounded by Allied aircraft.

GATE OF FORT DUFFERIN BOMBED FROM AIR

H. Q., EASTERN AIR COMMAND (A.P.I.)

Direct hits on the thick walls of Fort Dufferin, Mandalay, were scored to-day by a force of R.A.F. Hurribombers.

F/Lt. G. T. A. Douglas, a Guernsey man, said: "We attacked the north-west corner of the fort, where the railway runs under the walls. My bombs dropped slap on the gates of the fort and most of the other bombs fell on the corner.—A.

INDIAN DIVISION INSIDE MANDALAY

After three days savage fighting, much of it hand to hand, Nineteenth Indian Division Infantry and tanks have advanced nearly two miles into Mandalay, reports an Indian Army observer from the city.

They have reached a point directly opposite the south-western corner of the fort.

In this sector men of the 15th Punjab Regiment, who were the first to enter the city as part of a mobile column, are dug-in close to the Catholic Church.

A few hundred yards to the north, the Royal Berkshires are beside a mosque on the edge of the fort and near the west gate.

Shells have torn three breaches in the fort wall, it is stated at ALFSEA but the moat, khich in places is seventy-five yards wide, has proved the most effective obstacle.

Small parties of Japanese are still coming out in the rear to harass traffic on the road into Mandalay.

In the bridgehead west of Mandalay the British 2nd Division is held up by mines but the 20th Indian Division is still prodding forward and captured two villages which are both on track junctions.

Strong armoured patrols roving out from Meiktila are smashing Japanese road blocks.—

MARATHI JOURNALISTS' CONFERENCE

President-Elect Felicitated At Poona Function

POONA, March 12.

Mr. D. V. Gokhale, of the "Kesari", President-elect of the Marathi Journalists conference to be held at Sholapur on March 24 and 25, was felicitated last evening by the Poona Journalists' Association. Mr. Y. K. Khadilkar, editor "Navakal" of Bombay and out-going President of the conference, was in the chair.

Speeches eulogising the services of Mr. Gokhale in the cause of Marathi press were made by many journalists. —A. P.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

AHMEDABAD, March 12.

Higher Bombay rates and particularly textiles imparted strength to local Share and prices gradually moved up on general buying and bear covering. Liquidation was well absorbed.

Closing quotation:—

Aryodaya Spinning 398/12/0; Ajit 886/4/0; Ambika 501/8/0; Calico 1430; Jupiter 371; New Commercial 742/8/0; Gihari 287/8/0; Morris 156/; Marsdon 194; Monogram 164; Ramkrisna 430; Rohit 390; Sayaji 351/4/0; Harivallabh Mulchand 1775.

Following shares are given in delivery at in weak end:—

Ambika 280; Calico 40; Jupiter 60; Marsdon 30; Monogram 45; Saraspur 18.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

NEW DELHI, March 11.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve that in future the designation of 'Royal' shall be prefixed to the Indian Air Force, which will henceforth be designated "the Royal Indian Air Force."

This signal honour is in recognition of the fine work done by a band of valiant young men of India during the short history of their service, says a Press Note.

—A. P.

★ ★ ★

The whole of India has been thrilled by the announcement of the personnel of the Indian Delegation to San Francisco.

But the following forecast of the proceedings of the Conference is entirely imaginary even though it be—but to the proceedings now:

"Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar (India): Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen; My first words must be words of profoundest gratitude to the gracious Big Three who did not fail to recognise us—I mean India. I and my Hon'ble colleague Sir Firoz Khan Noon are extremely proud to have come all the way to sit with you on a mysterious (laughter) I mean ministerial level. We represent the vast millions of India of all classes and walks of life by the constitutional and democratic virtue of having never been elected and been defeated nine times in the last Parliamentary session alone (applause in the form of cheers and coughs). We the representatives of India (in appearance and accents at least) are here to tell you that Indians have the utmost confidence in the wisdom of the Big Three and are in entire agreement with whatever Mr. Churchill (bows towards the nodding British Delegates) and his friends have done, are doing and may do hereafter for the world. So far as we Indians are concerned we are deeply immersed in our war effort and we are interested in nothing else save to fight for democracy and the rights under the Atlantic Charter of others. Ladies and Gentlemen, I want to assure you on behalf of myself, Honourable colleague and those whom we represent that (the rest of the speech couldn't be heard owing to the buzz of conversation in the various parts of the hall)."

★ ★ ★

It is reported that the inevitable Qazi Md. Issa has gone to Peshawar to deal with the inevitable crisis in the Frontier Muslim League affairs.

Which has prompted the Junior Colleague to the cryptic remark: wherever the Qaid-e-Azam doesn't go, there he sends Qazi Md. Issa.

★ ★ ★

In view of the effectiveness of the "directive" which Mr. Syed had also received, Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah has decided to prefer acceptance of the League "directive" to him as against observance of the written guarantee he had given to Haji Moula Bakhsh, according to latest reports from Sind.

Which is quite all right. Sir Ghulam Husain too must have office at any cost.....

Till further developments, if and when.

Surely, good mother, you know how badly your child needs milk. You must not use the milk you get against your child's milk ration card for your tea and coffee. Milk is children's ideal food which keeps them strong and healthy and they must not be starved of their essential food.

★ ★ ★

Good milk is available in Bombay City at cheap rates for children below ten years.

If you have not obtained a milk ration card for your child, do so now, by applying at your Ward Rationing Office.

R

FIRE IN PAREL TEXTILE MILLS

A big fire broke out on the roof of the Textile Mills at Elphinstone Road, Parel, on Monday night.

Eight fire engines, which came on the scene fought the flames for about an hour and brought it under control.

GOVT. FOOD AND CLOTH POLICY CENSURED

Two Cut Motions Passed In Central Assembly

TEXTILES EXPORTED TO MIDDLE EAST FOR "POLITICAL REASONS"

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The Central Assembly to-day passed by 58 votes to 43 the Nationalist Party's cut motion to discuss the cloth and yarn position.

The Assembly also passed by 57 votes to 43 the cut motion of Mr. A. M. Dam (unattached) to censure the Food Department with reference to supervision and control of work in Provinces.

SHROUDS REMOVED FROM BURNING GHATS

Mr. A. C. Datta moved that the demand under the head "Department of Industries and Civil Supplies" be reduced by Rs. 100 to discuss the cloth and yarn position.

He said that the shortage of yarn and cloth in the country in general and Bengal in particular had become acute. The quota allotted to Bengal was very low. It was about one half of the quota given to other provinces. It was reported, he said, that some women in Bengal had to go almost naked for want of saris and committed suicide. Dhotis and saris were not available in Calcutta. It was also reported that shrouds of the dead were removed from the burning ghats and sold in the market. He pointed out that Bengal Ministers were going to the villages to preach the use of khadi and he hoped that members of the Central Government would follow suit (Cheers).

Nawab Siddiqah Khan (Muslim League) referred to the assurance of Sir Azizul Haque to set up a handloom weavers' board and asked how long it would take for the heavy Government machinery to move in this direction.

Mr. Sami Venkatachalam Chetty (Congress) said that mills, which were used to high profits, did not co-operate with the Textile control authorities in the beginning, and were responsible for the controls not working smoothly. The confusing and contradictory orders issued by the Department itself, he suggested, resulted in the cloth not reaching the consumer. Madras dealers were asked, for instance, to buy from Bombay, but no permits were issued for export of cloth from Bombay.

FOR POLITICAL REASONS

Sir Vithal Chandavarkar (Bombay Millowners Association) referring to the shortage of yarn and cloth in Bengal in particular said that actually as against an allotted quota of 150 thousands of bales that province was given 179,000 bales. The shortage of cloth in that province, Sir Vithal thought must be due to increased smuggling into China, where it was sold at anything upto Rs 10/- per yard. Until recently there was no ban on exports to Tibet and he was told that a lot of cloth had found its way into China via Tibet.

Sir Vithal refuted the charge that the Textile Control Board was dominated by millowners. On the Distribution Committee of the Board there were only three or four members representing the industry. He further asserted that the scheme for distribution was not prepared by the Board but by the Government of India.

The industry, Sir Vithal went on to say, was anxious first to meet the needs of the domestic consumers. But Government, for political reasons, wanted textiles to be exported to certain Middle East countries where there were no price controls and where the respective Governments made as much as 75 per cent profit over cloth purchased at controlled rates from India.

BENGAL'S PRODUCTION LOW

Sir Azizul Haque, Commerce Member, said that the handloom weavers in the country had for years a miserable existence. He was responsible for the decision that their production should not be tex-marked and it would be a gain to the country if they were able to rehabilitate themselves by utilising the present war conditions. There was now an overall shortage of yarn in the country and the shortage was more keenly felt in Bengal because the industry was not developed there. Bengal was the largest consuming centre in the country but they produced the least quantity of textiles. However, handloom production had increased by 60 per cent compared to 1935-36.

Continuing, Sir Azizul Haque said that the pre-war consumption of cloth was about ten yards per head but Government were able to supply more than ten yards for the provinces and during the last seven months they were able to give Bombay 13.9 yards per head.

In regard to cloth rationing, the Commerce Member said that the question presented extraordinary difficulties. It was not possible to have uniformity of cloth for distribution. He was, however, investigating the matter.

LOSS DUE TO COAL SHORTAGE

Mr. K. C. Neogy (Nationalist) said that the requirements of certain semi-defence services such as A.R.P., Red Cross and hospital requirements were not met out of the 900 million yards allocated for defence services but out of the quota allotted for civilian consumption. He wanted to know what was Government's policy in regard to exports. The Commerce Member had stated that practically no yarn was exported. It was immaterial whether the exports were of yarn or cloth and they knew Government were exporting 600,000,000 yards of cloth. The Export Committee of the Textile Control Board had suggested that Government should reduce the exports.

Proceeding, Mr. Neogy said that in the matter of coal supply preference had been given to the jute industry, while about 48 million yards of cloth owing to lack of coal supply to textile mills.

In regard to the 'per capita' consumption of cloth Mr. Neogy referred to the report of the Fact-Finding Committee of the handloom industry and said that in 1938-39 it was stated that the consumption was 15.4 net yards and he did not know where the Commerce Member got his figure of 12 yards.

The cut motion was pressed to a division and was passed by 58 votes to 45.

SECOND CUT MOTION

Mr. K. C. Neogy moving the Nationalist Party's cut motion to discuss the Government's policy with regard to the mineral resources of India, invited the Labour Member to explain Government's policy.

Dr. Ambedkar speaking mainly about the future, said that Government had now accepted the responsibility of having a definite mineral policy. That was largely due to the fact that they had taken a decision under the Reconstruction and Policy Committees to have a dynamic movement in favour of industrialisation of the country. Action under that policy would fall into two parts. In the first place it was proposed to reconstitute the geological survey of India in order to make it a more potent influence in the furtherance of our policy. The second part consisted of legislation which the Government of India proposed to initiate for the purpose of establishing control over minerals.

As regards the export of minerals, Dr. Ambedkar said that this question must necessarily depend upon whether if she completely stopped the export of her own minerals India would be able to import those minerals in which she was deficient. The minerals in which India was deficient included oil, copper, lead, zinc and tin.

With regard to oil, there was a moratorium on oil concessions during wartime. This had been necessitated mainly by the need to prevent the dissipation for oil prospecting purposes of technical personnel which was so deficient in this country.

Proceeding, Dr. Ambedkar said that a dynamic mineral policy would depend on the industrial factor. If there was industrialisation, this country would undoubtedly have to undertake a more vigorous industrial policy than in the past. Whether our mineral policy would be successful and would be used for the benefit of the many would also depend upon the constitutional position, the distribution of authority between the provinces and the Centre, and the role of the State. He assured the House that the Government was serious in having a mineral policy for this country.

The House took up the next cut in the name of Mr. Kureel.

FOOD DEPT. CENSURED

The House thereafter voted on Mr. Anoop Mohan Dam's cut motion which had been moved on Saturday to censure the Food Department and to stress the need for stricter central supervision and control over the food administration in the provinces. The cut was carried by 57 to 43 votes, the Congress, Muslim League and Nationalists voting for the motion.

SCHEDULED CASTES AND GOVT. SERVICES

Mr. Piarelal Kureel moved a cut of Rs. 100 under the Home Department to discuss the "paucity of Scheduled Castes in the Government of India's services."

Mr. Kureel gave figures of different departments in support of his plea that the number of Scheduled Caste men in them was negligible. In the I.C.S. out of a total of 173 there was only one Scheduled Castes representation. He asked the Government to appoint a special scheduled caste officer to look after the interests of his class.

Mr. N. M. Joshi (unattached) supporting the motion urged the Government to see that instead of the present 8 1/3 per cent reservation the Scheduled Castes had at least 10 per cent representation.

Mr. Hussainbhai Laliji (unattached) asked that the business and industrial communities should also help the Scheduled Classes.

Mr. T. S. A. Chettiar (Congress) said that the sum of Rs. 5,00,000 provided for the education of scheduled caste boys was not enough.

Sir Mohamed Yamin Khan (League) refuted the allegation that Muslims had neglected the cause of the Scheduled Castes and mentioned that the Muslim delegation gave full support to the Scheduled Caste claims at the Round Table Conference.

MUDIE'S ASSURANCE

The Home Member, Sir Francis, Mudie, pointed out that it was in order to improve the representation of the Scheduled Classes in the services that the Home Department resolution of 1943 was issued raising the reservation to 8 1/3 per cent. The Home Member's case was not that the representation of Scheduled Classes was adequate.

Mr. Kureel withdrew his motion.

GOVT. LABOUR POLICY

Before the House rose for the day Mr. N. M. Joshi moved his cut motion to discuss the Labour policy of the Government of India and to censure them for inadequate protection of labour. He complained that measures of protection were neither prompt nor adequate, particularly with regard to coal mine labour. If there was a shortage of labour for coal mines, he said, the only remedy was to pay the miners well and not allow the Indian miner to remain the worst paid working class man as against the British miner who was the best paid working class man in the world.

Mr. Joshi also asked the Government to take the coal industry into its own hands and not give bogus to mine owners, who he said, were interested only in getting more money and not giving more coal to the country. Mr. Joshi suggested the setting up of a full-fledged Labour Ministry and asked the Government to remedy the absence of trained welfare, insurance, health and other experts in the Labour Department.

The Assembly adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

Lieut.-Gen. Sun Li-Jen, at right, whose Chinese First Army troops have captured Lashio, most important town in East Central Burma, is pictured here greeting General W. Wong in Burma, near the China border. Now the whole Burma Road, from Lashio to Kunming, is in Allied hands.—U.S.O.W.I.

BRITISH FILM STAR SUPPORTS INDIA'S CAUSE

LONDON, March 12, (U.P.A.)—Moved by the appalling conditions in India, which he recently visited giving ENSA shows to troops, the well-known British music hall artist and film star, Tommy Trinder, for the first time to-day gave his full support to the Indian cause.

Trinder compared a crowded variety show, organised at Wembley by the India Relief Committee, for the purpose of securing funds for relief work in India.

A considerable sum was collected among 750 persons attending the show in which other well-known British artists and the famous Sky Rocket Band of the Royal Air Force participated.

Franco's Portrait For American Ambassador

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, March 12.

Mr. Carlton Hayes, retiring American Ambassador to Spain is soon leaving for Washington accompanied by a cumbersome and a most embarrassing package containing a big portrait of General Franco with flashing eyes and medals.

It is said that General Franco paid a leading artist over 2,000 storing for this oil portrait.

The "Daily Mirror" points out the American Government definitely disapproves of General Franco; so Mr. Hayes' acceptance of the portrait is likely to raise many eyebrows in the State Department.

BRITAIN'S "DIPLOMATIC" PROTEST TO SPAIN

It appears that Britain is sunbbing the Franco regime by deliberately delaying appointment of a successor to Lord Templewood. Presently the British Embassy at Madrid is in the hands of the First Secretary with a temporary rank of Charge d'Affaires. Whitehall does not seem to be in a hurry to appoint a full-fledged Ambassador.

This is the only diplomatic instrument by which Britain has been registering disapproval of the way Spain has been handling several outstanding matters arising between the two countries, primarily the question of the international status of Tangier. Britain had never recognized the 'de facto' cancellation of these rights even when the war was going very much against her and Tangier, with General Franco's help, was the hotbed of Axis espionage.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

By J. C. MAITRA

During the last three weeks we had such a surfeit of cricket in this city that the defeat of Bombay in the Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament at Gorakhpur almost passed unnoticed. Bombay regained the National Championship only last year when the competition was held here. But like the last occasion when they lost at Lahore after winning it in Bombay, they succumbed at the first challenge away from home. The North-West Frontier Province conquered them by a solitary goal after holding them to a draw in their first meeting.

OUR WEAKNESSES

It is said that our forwards failed hopelessly both in point of combination as well as shooting. Hakim was greatly missed in the attacking line. But that could not be helped as he was unable to make the journey owing to injuries. Then Jamshed as leader was a failure. Even Johnny Pinto, slow as he is now, would have been more helpful to his colleagues. Our brilliant wingers, Kishen Lal and Gurbachar Singh, were not properly fed. And Munir was very selfish, while Pillay was good for nothing.

MAHARASHTRA'S CONTRIBUTION

That sums up the views expressed by those who have seen our men in action at Gorakhpur. It would have been better if we had Phillips, Christie and G. Nimal playing for us in their usual billets. But for that we cannot blame the selectors. There are other reasons for their omission about which I have mentioned before in these columns. It is really sad to reflect that owing to our dissentions at home we are losing our battles on the national front. I shall return to this subject ere long.

BHOPAL'S SUCCESS

The Championship was won by Bhopal at the expense of the United Provinces in the final. A single goal separated the winners from the runners-up. It is however pointed out that the home team lost as many as a dozen golden chances of scoring. Bhopal's custodian Gulam Habib, was responsible for several spectacular saves. Evidently the losers were rather unlucky in going down to the weaker side. But that is all in the game. If the U. P. forwards could not score, it was not the fault of Bhopal. They deserve our congratulations for the honour they have just gained.

HARDSHIP TO N.W.F.P.

It was rather hard luck for N. W. F. P. the conquerors of Bombay, to acknowledge defeat at the hands of Bhopal by a brace of goals. They had to play four days in succession—twice each against Bombay and Bhopal. In a case like this the Tournament Committee should have allowed the Frontier men a day's rest, even though it meant an extra expense to them. After all the Tournament is being held for the betterment of the game and encouragement to all teams and players. It is therefore their duty to see that no injustice or unfairness is done to anybody. In this particular instance, N.W.F.P. have every reason to grumble. In future the tournament should be held at such a centre which would accommodate everybody in the best possible way.

DEADLOCK IN BOMBAY

Meanwhile there is a complete deadlock in Bombay hockey so far as the B.P.H.A. is concerned. The senior Division of their League still remains uncompleted. Now comes the news that the Lusitanians, the holders, have refused to participate in their final engagement with the G.I.P. Railway in the Provincial Championship until the Police—Rusies Incident is squared up. This means the Provincial title will also hang fire indefinitely. It is as awful muddle the B.P.H.A. is in. Only a delicate, but courageous, handling of the situation can save it from disgrace and ignominy.

'Tokyo Fleet' Pound Third Jap Industrial City

NAGOYA RECEIVES MASSIVE BOMBING WHILE TOKYO STILL ON FIRE

Twenty-First Bomber Command, SAIPAN, March 12 (A. P. A.): Three hundred Superfortress bombers of the "Tokyo fleet" showered 2,000 tons of incendiaries in the early morning darkness to-day on the Japanese industrial area of Nagoya.

The massive mission was carried out while Tokyo still nursed burning wounds from the attack by a comparable force from the Marianas 48 hours earlier.

At Nagoya fire-bombs fell in a congested area of five square miles in the centre of Japan's third largest city and most important aircraft construction installations.

The great fleet of B-29s bombed from the unprecedented low altitude of 5,000 feet.

Headquarters disclosed that Saturday's strike on Tokyo carried 2,300 tons of fire bombs dropped from the new 5,000-foot operational level which is proving effective for the newly tried raids in darkness. This was by far the greatest tonnage ever carried by planes of the American 20th Air Force on a single mission and it was the first laid waste.

The use of 300 bombers obviously has been made possible by the fact that new B-29 fields on Guam have been put into opreation to supplement bases on Saipan and Tinian. It is notable that one Superfort crippled in the Tokyo attack made an emergency landing on embattled Iwojima where the B-29s may be based in the near future, having their present flying time to Japan and permitting them to carry maximum bomb loads up to ten tons each.

TWISTED TUMBLE-DOWN RUBBLE

GUAM, March 11 (A. P. A.): Photographic reconnaissance to-day showed "twisted tumble-down rubble" from the imperial palace to the mouth of the Naka River and thence four miles northward as the fiery result of the massive raid in the darkness of Saturday morning by more than 300 Superfortress bombers from the Marianas.

Maj.-Gen. Curtis E. LeMay, Commander of the 21st Bomber Command, said the palace was not an objective of the mission, but the target area edged right up to the palace grounds.

(Japanese propagandists made the claim on Saturday that incendiaries from the Superforts had set fire to Emperor Hirohito's palace).

LeMay said photographs taken over Tokyo on the afternoon of the greatest Superfort raid made thus far had "incontrovertibly established" the extent of devastation.

FIRES RAGE FOR 10 HOURS

LONDON, March 12 (Reuter): After ten hours the fires in various parts of Nagoya have been "nearly brought under control", said a Japanese imperial communique on the United States 21st Bomber Command raid on the city early today.

NEW TYPE OF INCENDIARIES

LONDON, March 12 (A.P.A.): A Japanese communique broadcast by the German radio today said American Superfortresses used a new type incendiary bomb on their 300-plane missions against Tokyo last Saturday and the industrial city of Nagoya early today.

The Japanese said the Nagoya attack included high explosive bombs as well as incendiaries and declared the attack there lasted three hours, indicating that the big bombers flew single file through the darkness as they did in the earlier medium level [illegible]

Mudaliar And Noon Must Give Place To Bhulabhai And Liaquat Ali

Rajaji On Who Should Represent India At London And San Francisco Conferences

DELHI, March 12.

The choice of delegates for the London and San Francisco Conferences should have fallen on Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, representing the Congress, and Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, representing the Muslim League, and not on two members of a defeated Government, says Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar in a statement on the selection of Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar and Sir Feroze Khan Noon as India's delegates.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar says that the Government has missed a great opportunity as, he is convinced that, had they been invited, the two popular representatives would have accepted the invitation, and the Government gesture would have automatically paved the way for the solution of the deadlock. Furthermore, says Mr. Rajagopalachariar the "present working arrangement between the two parties" would have been welded into a more lasting partnership of the greatest importance.

The following is Mr. Rajagopalachariar's statement:

"The object of the Conference at London and San Francisco is not the consolidation of anti-democratic wartime administration, but the organisation of world security. The present Government of India have served the cause ill by nominating two of themselves as the representatives of India for these important Conferences. Instead of selecting persons who symbolize British opposition to the Indian national demand and hold office solely by reason of the deadlock, they would have served the cause of Indo-British reconciliation had they turned their eyes outside of themselves. And by advancing Indo-British reconciliation, they would have certainly contributed substantially to that world security, which will be the subject of the deliberations at the coming Conferences.

DEFEAT ON CAPITAL ISSUES

"Under their nose, is being enacted day after day during the recent weeks, a series of demonstrations in the present sessions of the Indian Legislative Assembly which unmistakably indicate what is wanted to be done in India. The Indian National Congress and the Muslim League have been acting in close co-operation and inflicting defeat after defeat upon the Governor-General-in-Council on capital issues, which in any democratic country, would have resulted in the immediate resignation of the Government and the summoning of the parliamentary leaders of the two major organisations to form a new Government. It is well-known, and it was also publicly stated in Birmingham this week, that these two leaders, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan have entered into a joint agreement for the formation of an interim national Government, at Delhi.

LASTING PARTNERSHIP

"The choice of delegates for the London and San Francisco conferences to represent India should certainly have fallen on these two leaders instead of on two members of the defeated Government, who have their place in it not through any election at any time, but only by the nomination of the Governor-General. Had wisdom prevailed over obstinacy and shortsightedness and these two popular leaders of the present Indian Parliament been invited, I have no doubt they would have accepted the invitation and rendered capital service at the conferences. The gesture would have automatically paved the way for a solution of the Indian deadlock. Here was a great opportunity to open a new chapter in Indian affairs. The invitation would have welded the present working agreement between the two parties into a more lasting partnership of the greatest importance.

"The approach of the end of the war in the Far East, the interests of democracy in India, and of world-security in the east should have induced the Governor-General-in-Council to exercise imagination at this juncture and prove British 'bona fides' by issuing such an invitation. The understanding between the Parliamentary leaders of the Congress and the League is within the knowledge of the Governor-General and of the members of his Council, and if they wished success to the efforts of these leaders they could by a gesture of this nature have rendered signal service to India, to Britain and to the cause of world security. I wonder if there is still room for revision. I have no reason to doubt Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar and Sir Feroz Khan Noon would gladly surrender their places to the leaders of the Congress and the League if even now the error were rectified."—A. P.

WHY NO NON-OFFICIAL ENVOY TO SAN FRANCISCO?

Motion To Raise Issue Of Composition Of Delegation Ruled Out In Assembly

NEW DELHI, March 12.

In the Central Assembly to-day the Chair ruled out of order two adjournment motions which attempted to raise a debate on the Government of India's decision to send an official delegation to the San Francisco Conference. The first motion in the name of Mr. Govind Deshmukh sought to discuss "the selection of Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar and Sir Feroz Khan Noon to represent India at the London and San Francisco Conferences."

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, in the second motion, sought to discuss "the composition of the delegation chosen by the Government to represent India at the San Francisco Conference to the exclusion of non-official representatives of the people of this country."

In the course of the debate that preceded the Chair's ruling, Mr. Krishnamachari explained that according to the 'communique' published to-day the selection of the delegates had been made by the Governor-General-in-Council and therefore the House was entitled to discuss the question.

Sir Olaf Caroe, External Affairs Secretary, objecting to the motion, contended that in a case like this it was widely recognised that it must be the responsibility of the constitutional Government to make the selection of delegatec. Sir Olaf quoted in his support an earlier ruling given by the Chair.

In reply to the Chair's question, Mr. Krishnamachari pointed out that the British Government had selected Mr. Eden and Mr. Attlee to represent them at the Conference, that is to say, the the delegation was composed of representatives of the Government and the opposition or in other words members of a Coalition Government.

Sir Olaf Caroe explained that the whole background of the Conference was that the delegations attending it should be official in the sense that they should be at the Ministerial level.

Mr. Krishnamachari pointed out that the United States delegation was composed of members other than those of the party forming the Government.

Sir Olaf Caroe maintained that little purpose would be served by debating the constitutional difference between the British Commonwealth and countries outside it.

The Chair asked: Where is the obligation on the part of Government to choose non-official representatives to form part of a delegation of this kind?

Mr. Krishnamachari, quoting from [illegible]

the obligation might or might not be there but the House was competent to express an opinion on the selection.

The President holding that the motions were not in order observed that it was the responsibility of the Government to select the delegation and in doing so they had followed the practice of the British Commonwealth. He conceded it was open to the Government of India to choose non-officials to assist the delegation or form the delegation itself, if they so desired, but under the constitution it was impossible for him to hold that in choosing members of the Government of India had departed in any way from what had been the practice in this country or elsewhere in this matter. The chair was now convinced that the Government of India were required to choose non-officials to represent them at this conference.—A. P.

TRIAL OF SACHAR POSTPONED

Punjab Congress Leader Who Entered Assembly In Defiance Of Restraint Order

LAHORE, March 12 (A.P.I.)

Mr. Bhim Sain Sachar, Leader of the Congress Assembly party was placed on trial today in the court of Mr. F. C. Webb, Magistrate First Class, on a charge of contravening the restraint order served on him under the Restriction and Detention Ordinance of 1944.

Dewan Chamanlal, who appeared for Mr. Sachar, submitted that notice was served on his client at 8 A.M. today summoning him to appear at 3 P.M. today before this court. He pointed out that the time in between the service of the notice and the taking up of the case was so short that he could neither study the file nor receive instructions from his client.

He requested the court for an adjournment.

Acceding to the request of the Defence Counsel the Magistrate adjourned further hearing till March 24.

It will be recalled that Mr. Sachar was arrested on March 1 when he attended the Assembly to hear the Budget speech in defiance of the restraint order.

SAILING VESSELS TRAFFIC IN INDIA

"If auxiliary engines are fitted and a certain portion of the coastal traffic is reserved by Government assistance then the sailing vessels traffic in India has a better future in the post-war period", holds Mr. K. B. Vaidya, Gen. Secretary, Bombay Country Craft Trades Association. Member of the Bombay Country Craft Advisory Committee and Gen. Manager Amritlal Oza and Sons Ltd. He as such urges Government to develop the sailing vessels traffic in his forthcoming publication "Sailing Vessels Traffic on the West Coast Of India."

Mr. Vaidya besides being intimately in contact with shipping conditions in India and abroad, formerly as an official of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ltd., in Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon and Akyab, and later as a representative of Amritlal Oza and Co. Ltd., in Hongkong, Canton and Shanghai, is well-known as a prolific writer, author of many books on the Far Eastern problem like "Where Will Japan Move and When" and a former editor of the "Cantoon Daily Sun" and "Cantoon Truth."

LONDON March 11.—Prime Minister Winston Churchill is expected to address the Conservative Party Conference on Thursday giving the outlines of the party's policy now being worked out by its leaders.—U.P.A.

EDUCATION for NATIONAL POWER

What is the value of complete adult literacy without Village Libraries? On the road to knowledge which is power, students of all ages need text-books, exercise-books, rough paper for calculations, graph paper for mathematics.

Books for the fully educated are increasingly published in India — ranging from technical subjects such as medicine to cultural — thus raising a new field of authorship.

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"Little Justification For Detention Of Nehru And Azad"

LONDON, March 9 (Globe).

The Indian question must be brought again on to the plane of normal political discussions, says an Indian correspondent writing in "The New Statesman and Nation."

"What stands in the way of such discussions being initiated is the fact that leading members of the Congress Executive are in jail and that the Working Committee itself is an illegal body", he points out.

"It may be asked: What guarantee is there that if Congress leaders are set free they will not again start on a plan of civil disobedience?

"The answer", he says, "is simple" The author and chief architect of civil disobedience has long been free and has stated clearly enough that it is not his intention to launch such a campaign in the present circumstances.

"With the Japanese threat to Indian security fading into the background, hardly any justification can now be found for keeping men like Abdul Kalam Azad and Jawaharlal Nehru in jail."

"Try And Act On Your Own Without My Advice"

Gandhiji's Counsel To Kisan Workers

WARDHA, March 12.

The impression that Mahatma Gandhi did not favour the All-India Kisan organisations to be independent and yet remain part of the Congress and subject to its discipline was conveyed by Mr. M. Bhaktavatsalam, leader of the Tamil Nad Deputation of Congress Constructive workers, who met Gandhiji.

Mr. Bhaktavatsalam further revealed that, when asked by the Deputation whether permission of the authorities should be sought in some places for holding meetings and conferences of constructive workers, Gandhiji replied that nothing could be done if permission were required.

According to Mr. K. Chandramouli, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Workers Assembly, who also saw Mahatma Gandhi along with other Andhra leaders, Mahatma Gandhi thought that, while the President and Members of the Congress Working Committee were in detention, a common All-India Congress Organisation for Labour was impossible. He referred the Andhra Workers to Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda of Ahmedabad for guidance or to act independently and fearlessly.

On the question of a Flag for the Kisan organisations, Mahatma Gandhi suggested the Congress Tri-coloured Flag, which was accepted by Mr. Venkatasubbiah, President of the Andhra Ryots Association.

It was further suggested that by the payment of an additional fee, Kisans could become members of the Kisan Congress, after they were members of the Indian National Congress.

In this connection, Mahatma Gandhi's advice was sought regarding a number of prominent Kisans in Andhra villages, who had helped the war effort and as such were not eligible for membership of the National Congress; all the same, they had sympathy for the Congress and wished to join the Kisan Congress. Gandhiji replied: "Those who are real sympathisers will remain so even if for technical reasons today, they may not join you. By all means, take them, if you so wish."

In conclusion, Gandhiji advised the Andhra Delegation to "try and act on their own, even though they might make mistakes."—A.P.

A 'BONAFIDE' MISUNDERSTANDING

Dr. Mahmud On Gandhiji's Message To Urdu Conference

WARDHA, March 10.

Dr. Syed Mahmud, has issued the following statement: "Mr. Sibtey Hasan, Secretary, Anjuman-e-Taraqqi-e-Urdu, Bombay, has raised a needless controversy in regard to the message of Mahatma Gandhi to the Urdu Conference recently held at Bombay. There seems to be a 'bona fide' misunderstanding.

Mahatma Gandhi's message contained the word "milain" (fuse) which was read as "main" (in) and another word "aise" which was read as "apse" and a clerical omission of the word "takin" and "Anjuman" at two other places in the original letter are really responsible for this misunderstanding. A reference to the original makes it clear that it was possible for Mr. Sibtey Hasan to read those words in the way in which he has read them. Thus the main sentence which was the real message of Mahatma Gandhi: 'I want Urdu and Hindi to fuse into one another,' was a mistranslation and wrongly published somewhat changing its meaning and significance.

When Mr. Pyarelal saw that the real sentence was not there he tried to correct it. He simply said that the sentence "was omitted". He did not blame Mr. Sibtey Hasan for the omission in his letter to him or in the press statement. Mr. Sibtey Hasan misunderstood Mr. Pyarelal's meaning and took it for granted that the latter meant to blame him for the omission or wrong translation and seems to have become angry and given expression to it which was, in my opinion, out of place. This mistake clearly arose owing to illegible writing of the two words and the clerical omission of the two words. I have read all the correspondence in the absence of Mr. Pyarelal and found out that it was a misunderstanding".—United Press.

Security Prisoners In Assam

SHILLONG, March 12.

There were 95 security prisoners in the various jails of Assam, while 130 had been interned and 71 externed upto February 15, Sir Muhamad Saadulla, Premier of Assam, told the Provincial Assembly at question time last Friday.

The Premier added that 180 Security prisoners had been released from January 1, 1944 to Feb. 15, 1945.—A. P.

Romance Of "Royal Indian Air Force

NEW DELHI, March 11.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve that in future the designation of "Royal" shall be prefixed to the Indian Air Force, which will henceforth be designated "The Royal Indian Air Force."

This signal honour is welcome recognition of the fine work done by a band of valiant young men of India during the short history of their service.

The development of the Royal Indian Air Force during the last 12 years, since its formation in 1933 from a few pioneers, to the present sizeable force, and its contribution to the Allied air effort during the present war, is a story of achievement and romance.

During the last 16 months, squadrons of the Royal Indian Air Force have operated continuously on the Burma front, and the work done by them has received full need of praise and recognition.

His Excellency the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief have sent messages of congratulations to the Royal Indian Air Force.—A. P.

Imam Of London Mosque On Indian Deadlock

LONDON, Saturday.

The Imam of the London mosque, J. D. Shams writes in a letter to the "Times" to-day "with regard to Sir M. Zafrulla Khan's suggestion that immediate steps should be taken to solve the deadlock in India resulting from the failure of Sir Stafford Cripps' mission. I should like to state that the head of the Ahmadiyya movement under whose guidance the whole community is helping the Government by all possible means in the prosecution of the war expressed the same view in his address on January 12. He said that it was of paramount importance in view of the future interests of both countries, that Great Britain and India should reconcile their views and bind themselves with unbreakable tie of friendship".—Reuter.

Indian Women In Vedic Times

Mrs. Kshamabai Row's Observations

BOMBAY, Monday.

The greatest amount of liberty of thought and action enjoyed by women in vedic times was emphasised by Pandita Kshamabai Row, while reading a paper on "the cultural and social status of Indian women in Vedic and medieval times", in the premises of the Royal Asiatic Society's Library (Bombay Branch), on Monday. The meeting was held under the auspices of the P.E.N.

In those days, she said, men and women met one another without restraint. She thought that this was the result of co-education. Love marriages were not uncommon. But with the spread of Jainism and Buddhism, women were relegated to the background and as time passed on, with the cessation of education, common in vedic times, their position in society gradually deteriorated.

Prof. A. B. Gajendragadkar who presided over the meeting agreed mostly with the conclusions arrived at by Mrs. Row. He further stated that women in modern times in India were regaining their pristine position and for the amelioration of their disabilities, Mahatma Gandhi's name would continue to be remembered.

Bombay Harijans' Conference

BOMBAY, Monday.

A conference of Harijans of Bombay Province will be held in Bombay on April 1, under the auspices of the Western India Harijan League. Mr. Premjibhai Lehuwa will preside and among the principal leaders who will participate in the Conference are Mr. S. H. Jhabwala, M.L.A. Bombay, Mr. Dhunjibhai Jagudis, Mr. Bhanjibhai Rattold and others of Gujarat.

The Conference has been convened to discuss how to safeguard assert the rights and principles of the Maghuwals, Dheds, Bhangis and such other scheduled castes of Harijans.—United Press.

APPEAL TO OWNERS OF IDLE CHARKHAS

Shri S. K. Patil writes: Owing to the new system of making khaddar sales in the certified Bhandars, introduced under the authority of the A.I.S.C., it has become necessary to encourage and increase the output of hand-spun yarn. There is a growing tendency among Congressmen in the City to take to spinning in a more organised manner than before but they find that there are no spinning wheels available in the City for sale.

Our District and Taluka Congress Committees also want to run regular spinning classes in different parts of the City and for this purpose also they require a number of Charkhas. Unless we are able to bring willing spinners and the wheels together, this useful constructive activity is bound to suffer.

There must be quite a number of spinning wheels lying idle in the City. If these can be made available to the Congress Organisations, maximum good use can be made of them. I have, therefore, to appeal to the owners of idle or part-time used charkhas to give them to us either as a loan or a gift. Thereby they will be rendering a great and practical service to the cause of Constructive programme. The charkhas given to us as a loan will be duly returned to their owners as soon as we are in a position to meet our demand in some other way. Some Charkhas may be in use only for a very short time and that too occasionally. Even these can be put to better advantage by allowing their use to those in need. A little friendly adjustment and organisation will go a long way in relieving the keen need which is being felt at present.

The Khadi and Village Industries Committee of the Congress will supervise this organisation and help people both in getting Charkhas and disposing of the spun yarn. The Secretary of the Committee is Shri Vithal Jhaveri (Address: Jhaveri Brothers and Co., Metro Building, Dhobi Talao, Bombay).

High Court Awards Rs. 86,400 Damage For Death Of Advocate

CALCUTTA March 9: Mr. Justice Sen of the Calcutta High Court has awarded Rs. 86,400 as damages in favour of the plaintiffs, Shrimati Kalyani Basu, her three minor sons a minor laughter and her mother-in-law, against the defendant, the Governor-General-in-Council as the owner of the B and A Railway (formerly E.B.R.) in connection with the death of Mr. Bhupendra Kishore Basu, an advocate, as a result of the Dacca Mail accident on August 5, 1940. —A. P.

PIANO-VIOLIN RECITAL

Bombay will have its first opportunity of hearing a Piano Concert by Ferose Buchome, L.R.M.S., a talented young Parsi from Karachi, on the evening of the 19th March, at the Taj at 6-30 p.m. Assisting Mr. Buchome at the violin, will be Mr. Homi Kanga another equally accomplished young musician from Bombay who needs no introduction.

This piano-violin recital is in aid of the R.I.N. Benevolent Fund, and is organised by the ladies' committee of the Bombay War Gifts Fund. Vice-Admiral Godfrey Flag-Officer commanding the R.I.N., has kindly consented to preside, and is specially coming down to be present at the Recital, which promises in every way to be a treat for lovers of classical music, besides helping a good Indian cause.

Mr. Buchome has given several concerts in Karachi for various war charities, and has on more than one occasion played at Government House for war funds.

His programme for the 19th includes, Schumann's "Carnival" Listz's "Polonaise in E", and some other famous pieces from Chopin and other great composers.

Mr. Homi Kanga, Mehli Mehta's star pupil, will play Sarasate's very famous "Gipsy Aires." Those who have heard him play "Maxbruch's Concerto" with the Bombay Symphony last November will again have the opportunity of hearing this talented artist.

Booking can be done at the Taj, Rose's, and at the Ladies Committee Office, Central Bank Building. Tickets are priced at Rs. 10, 7 and 5.

ELECTORAL ROLLS FOR CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

S. K. Patil's Plea To Qualified Voters To See Their Names Are Not Omitted

Mr. S. K. Patil writes:—

According to the time-table announced by Government in regard to the various publications of the Central Assembly Electoral Rolls, the first publication thereof both of the Bombay City Non-Mahommedan and Mahommedan Constituencies will be made today (Monday, March 12) and copies of the Rolls will be kept for public inspection officially at the Collector's office Old Custom House, Fort, and also at the Head Office of the Bombay Municipality. A period of 10 days will be allowed within which qualified persons whose names have not been already included in the said Rolls can submit their claims. The claim application, in every case, has to be made in four copies, supported by the necessary proof of one's eligibility to become an elector.

In order to assist the public in this behalf, the Congress has made arrangements to keep copies of the Rolls of the Bombay City Non-Mahommedan and Mahommedan Constituencies and also the necessary claim forms at all the seven District Congress Committees' Offices in the City from Tuesday next. I hereby earnestly appeal to the public with necessary electoral qualifications to take advantage of this facility and co-operate with the Congress organisations in the City to make the Central Assembly Electoral Rolls as complete and perfect as they can be. Every eligible person should inspect the rolls so as to satisfy himself that his name has already been included there. In case his name is omitted, he should put in the necessary claim as aforesaid within the stipulated time. Much of the time both of the person concerned and the Congress, will be saved, if while visiting the Ward Offices, he takes with him the Income-Tax Receipt for the financial year 1943-44 or the Assessment Form, which is the document necessary to prove his eligibility, and a copy thereof has to be submitted along with the claim application, if he has to make one.

The following are the qualifications necessary to become an Elector for the Central Assembly Non-Mahommedan and Mahommedan Constituencies:

1. To be British subjects and not under 21 years of age;
2. To have a place of residence in the constituency or in a contiguous constituency of the same communal description on January 1945; and
3. To be holding on January 1, 1945, in the City of Bombay in their own rights, or occupying as tenants alienated or unalienated land assessed at or of the assessable value of not less than Rs. 75 land revenue, or
4. To have been assessed to income-tax in the financial year 1943-44 in the individual capacity.

ELECTORAL ROLL FOR THE INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER CONSTITUENCY

Mr J. K. Mehta, Secretary and Returning Officer, The Indian Merchants' Chamber writes:—

Pursuant to the Government of Bombay Notification, Legal Department, No. 6805, dated 2nd October 1944, and the Indian Merchants' Chamber Office Circular to members dated 24th February 1945, the First publication of the Electoral Roll for the Indian Merchants' Chamber Constituency of the Indian Legislative Assembly (Central) has been made on Monday, the 12th March, 1945, at the Office of the Chamber. The voters in the Constituency are hereby informed that claims and objections, if any, in respect of the Roll should be made in writing, in four copies, as specified in Regulation 3 (2) and (3), Part II of the Legislative Assembly (Bombay) Electoral Regulations to the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, on or before the 22nd March, 1945.

The second publication of the Roll will be made on 4th June, 1945.

Floatation Of Second Victory Loan

According to a Notification of Government of India subscriptions for an issue of a 3 per cent. Second Victory Loan, 1959-61, will be received without limit of amount from the 19th March 1945 until further notice. 3 per cent Second Victory Loan, 1959-61 is redeemable at par not earlier than 15th August 1959 and not later than 15th August 1961.

If not previously repaid, the loan will be repaid at par, on the 15th August 1961, but the Government of India reserve to themselves the right to repay the loan, or any part of it, at par, on or after the 15th August 1959, on giving three calendar months' notice in the "Gazette of India."

The prices at which the loan will be issued are as follows:—

Issue price on any date from the 19th March, 1945 to the 24th March, 1945 Rs. 100-2-8 and from 26th March, 1945 to the 31st March, 1945 Rs. 100-3-4 and thereafter at prices increasing by 8 pies per cent weekly until further notice. This weekly increase approximates to the net interest which accrues on the securities.

The loan will bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum from the 15th February, 1945. Interest will be payable half-yearly on the 15th August and 15th February and will be liable to income-tax and surcharge.

Unification Move In French India

PONDICHERRY, March 11: The first meeting of the Federal Committee of the French Indian Section of the "Combat" the Anti-Fascist organisation was held here recently.

The meeting defined the aim of the organisation as the establishment of a new republican and democratic constitution in French India with the liberty of conscience and capable of uniting the vast majority of the citizens of French India with a common scheme for spiritual, economic and social reconstruction and renovation.—A. P.

JINNAH IMPROVING, ADVISED REST

NEW DELHI, March 12.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, who has been ill for a few days with fever and a slight attack of pain in his left shoulder and chest, is now improving. He has been advised complete rest.—A. P.

Punjab Assembly Adjourned

The Punjab Assembly adjourned for an hour today as a mark of respect the memory of Raja Narendra Nath, formerly member of the Assembly and of the old Punjab Council from 1921 to 1937. Leaders of the various parties joined in paying tributes to the late Raja.—A. P.

"FROM CADET TO COLONEL, THE RECORD OF A LIFE OF ACTIVE SERVICE"

"Shajahanpoor is a great sugar growing country," and at a place called ROUSSA or ROSSA is the extensive sugar refinery and distillery of those enterprising and liberal-minded gentlemen, Messrs. Carew & Co." Major General Sir Thomas Seaton, K. C. B., may not have spelt Carew in 1899 as we do today but he did appreciate our pioneer distillers and Rosa Rum is even better now than it was 100 years ago.

ROSA RUM

I CAN BEAR NO MORE

The heart of the tormented, exhausted and tortured mother earth cries "I can bear no more". For centuries she is hungry but as a mother she feeds her children bleeding every drop of her blood. In India the lands have been very extensively cultivated. This extensive cultivation is not supplemented by proper irrigation, manuring and rotation of crops. The result is that the plant foods which are removed from the soil are not returned to the soil. Lands are, therefore, suffering continual exhaustion and have possibly reached the maximum state of impoverishment by now. Unless we introduce scientific cultivation the return will be meagre. The lead given by India Collective Farms Ltd. should be followed by a country wide mechanised cultivation.

INDIA COLLECTIVE FARMS LTD.
15, CLIVE STREET—CALCUTTA

Discriminating hostesses know that well-planned refreshments make parties go with a swing. Cocktails and other alcoholic drinks, with a good lime base, are ideal "pick-me-ups" after a long busy day.

Prepared from only the finest sun-ripened fruit and bottled at full perfection, Tims Lime Juice Cordial blends smoothly in both long and short drinks.

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GOODNESS PRESERVED
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BOMBAY.

Other products under the TIMS label include:—
Pineapple Juice...Pineapple Chunks ...Tomato Juice...Tomato Ketchup ...Tomato Jelly...Mango Juice... Mango Chutney...Lime Juice Cordial ...Lemon Squash...Orange Squash... Orange Juice...Prime Garden Peas ...Sweet Corn Kernels...Bamboo Shoots...Pickles...Jams...Jellies... Marmalade...Vinegar
Chilli Sauce & Worcestershire Sauce.

The infallible "Pick-me-up" for the overworked and worried man.

Polytone will soothe your nerves by inducing natural sound sleep and will give you fresh strength and renewed energy by building up your wasted tissues.

STOCKED AND SOLD BY ALL LEADING CHEMISTS
THE POLYCLINICAL LABORATORY CALCUTTA

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REWARD £ 500

YOU CAN BE YOUNG IN 24 HOURS

"OTOGEN" (VITAMIN TONIC) makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, impure blood, mental and physical exhaustion. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. The roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old men.

"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth, Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN."

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order today for tomorrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.

OTOGEN LABORATORIES (ENGLAND)
27, Nicholson Road, LAHORE.

Sold by all Leading Chemists and Stores.
Stockists:—Perry & Co., Ltd., Chemists, Tram Terminus, Grant Road, Bombay.
M/s. MARSHALL & CO., Chemists, 171, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Thana Primary Teachers To Go On Fast

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, March 12.

One hundred and fifty Primary Teachers of Thana School Board contemplate a 36 hours fast followed by a cessation of work for getting dearness allowance of Rs. 18 per month. A deputation of the Teachers' Association headed by the President is waiting upon President of the District Local Board tomorrow.

QUESTION OF EXPANSION OF PRIMARY EDUCATION

BELGAUM, March 10.

A meeting of the Provincial Board of Primary Education was held here last week under the presidentship of Prof. D. R. Gadgil.

The members of the Board earlier met the representatives of the district School Boards of Belgaum, Dharwar and Bijapur and discussed with them the question of expansion of Primary Education, the question of funds, the powers of the school boards and Allied problems concerning primary education in the districts.—A. P.

BOMBAY PRODUCE.

BOMBAY, March 12.

The produce market was quiet and trading remains restricted. Upcountry advices are easy. Groundnuts Bombay-Madras were bought by local mills at Rs. 14/2 and Goa delivery quotation was Rs. 14/3. There was no business in Castorseeds. Linseed N. S. Rly. was done at Rs. 15/6/6 and C. P. U. P. Linseed was placed at Rs. 15/8/6.

ORISSA TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. 50,00,000—(Rupees fifty lakhs only) of three months' Government of Orissa Treasury Bills were opened on Monday the 12th March. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,20,00,000—(Rupees two crores twenty lakhs only).

Tenders at Rs. 99/14/6 were allotted approximately 46 p c. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 50,00,000—(Rupees fifty lakhs only), the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0/6/0 per cent per annum.

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR

CALCUTTA, March 12.

The market opened quiet after the weekend but steadied up as the day progressed. Government securities were unchanged. Following are today's final transactions.

GOVT SECURITIES: 3 per cent loan 1951/54 100/13 s. lot 3 per cent loan 1953/55 100/4 s.o.l. 3 per cent Victory Bonds 1957 99/14 3 per cent loan 1966/68 98/6 3-1/2 per cent Government Paper 99/13 3-1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 103/12 s. l. 5 per cent loan 1945/55 102/ s. lot BANK: Reserve Bank 132 cottons: Basanti 12/12 Dunbar 315 Cawnpore Textiles 13/4 Elgin Mills 64/6 New Victoria Ordy 7/10 Do (Pref) 9 Coals: Amalgamated 54/8 s. lot Bengal 697 Burra Dhemo 13/3 Burrakur 42/11 Dhemo Man 28/6 Kuardi 19/8 New Churulia 13/12 Parasea 11/2 Pench Valley 53/12 Satpukuria Ans Asansol 11/7 Sendra 24/6 Bhalgora 20/12 Bokaro and Ramgur 48 East Indian 38/12 Equitable 69/8 Nazira 21/11. South Karnpura 30/6 Talcher 12/6 JUTES: Barnagore 225 Cheviot 312 Chitavalsah 34/9 Howrah 85/8 Kamarhatty 682 s. lot Presidency 12/7 Anglo-India 464 s. ls Champdany 259 Kankanarah 575 New Central 600 Orient 263 MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corpn. 5/12 Indian Copper 3/1 Connsolidated Tin 3/16 Assam Bengal Cement 17/6 Elec 22/4 Indian Iron 39/2 Jessor and Co. 24/10 Ct. Kumardhubi Eng. 12/10 National Iron 12/7 Steel Corpn. 32/9 Do (Pref) 142 Aluminium Corpn. 15/4 B 1 C 6/12 Calcutta Trams 45/4 National Insulated Cable 14/4 Rohtas Industries 16/8 British Burma Petroleum 5/6 India Paper Pulp 230 Orient Paper 31/9 Sree Gopal Paper 19/8 Midnapore Zemindary 171/8.

SUGARS: Crew 28/4 Ramnugger Cane 15/4 Teas: East India 17/11 Eastern Cachar 12/4 Hantapara 813 Loobah 17/14 Singell 107/ Tezpore 21/7.

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 9/3/1945 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,54,461.

Amount of Cheques Rs. 41,56,66,-664/6/7

Sharp Rise In Bombay Dyeing Shares

BULLION MARKET RECOVERS EARLY LOSS

Professional Support Hardens Cotton Prices

BOMBAY, March 12.

Brisk buying in Bombay Dyeing shares lead the upward movement on the Stock Exchange. It was said that Bombay Government Budget would be favourable. There were some professional bidding up and the sharp rise in Dyeings influenced moderate buying in other sections. As a result of day's trading Tata Steel Dfds. gained Rs. 25/-, Ordinary Rs. 5/-, Bombay Dyeings Rs. 65/-, Century Rs. 55/-, Kohinoors Rs. 13/- and Simplex Rs. 6/-. The market displayed a good rallying capacity but a section believes that the rise is too rapid and cannot be trusted.

The bullion market opened weak at lower quotations and reports of Bank accepting lower tenders, but the decline influenced more support.

Professional support hardened cotton prices but the general feeling is still hesitant.

The Share Bazar was fairly steady to-day with renewed buying. Offerings were limited but there was some professional buying in Bombay Dyeing Shares which imparted steadiness. There is great scarcity of cloth and this is likely to continue for a long period even after the war. This potential demand is inducing investors to buy cotton mills shares as the textile industry is expected to have a prosperous future. However sentiment plays an important part in making up of share quotations and the market is likely to be affected by war news. It may be observed that last week the most favourate share Bombay Dyeing was depressed to Rs. 1790 and to-day the opening quotation was Rs. 1885 and before buyers can go anything there was further improvement at Rs. 1909.

Thus the market remains erratic and small operators find it difficult to take advantage. Steel Shares were steady with a moderate turnover. Tata Steel Dfds opened at Rs. 2097 and improved to Rs. 2106. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 388 and steadied at Rs. 390. Bombay Dyeing advanced Rs. 62 over the last close at Rs. 1862. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 615 and improved to Rs. 620.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/3/6 4/4/6
Bharat 67/8 61/12
Bharucha (Defd) 8/10 5/12
B. Dyeing 1830 43/12 40 52/8 48/12 63/12 58/12 70 66/4 72/8 66 70 61/4 65
Central India (Ord) 375/8 78/8 78/8 77/8 81 80
Century 905 25
Colaba 221 19 21 20
David 1445
Edward 750 70 63/12
Elphinstone 85 86
Elphinstone (Pref) 124/6 25
Finlay 304/8 8 6/8 9 8
Gokak 297 300 298 309 6/8 10 8
India United (Defd) 3/1/6 3/2 3/4/6 3/2/6 3/2/3
India United (Ordy) 14/12 15 14/18/6 14/14
Indore 680 75 88/12 80 81/4
Khatau 340/10
Kohinoor 614 17 15 18 16 20 18 26 21
Luxmi 1303/12
Madhavji 16
Madhusudan 423/12
Meyer 212/8 15
Model 252/8
Morarjee 690 87/8 700 695 700
New Great 392 94 93/8 97 95/8
Sassoon Cotton 22/4
Simplex 263 62 65 63 67 66
Swadeshi 527 37 35 39
Swan 328 25 34
Tata Mills 59/8 60 58/8 59 56 59/8 59
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly. 735 32/8

BANKS.

Baroda 142
Central 81/4 81 82
Imperial (New) 495
India 190 89/8
National Savings (P. P.) 37/8
Reserve 134

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 233/12 32/8
Ajmer 14/15
Andhra Valley 1790 87/8 90
Tram (Ord) 146/4 47/4 47
Tram (Pref) 69
Karachi 227/8
Surat 220
Tata Hydro (Ord) 203/8 3
Tata Hydro (Pref) 166/4 66/14 66/4
Tata Power (Ord) 1870 80
Tata Power (Pref) 1782/8

INSURANCE.

British India 22/4
Empire 1450 1550
Jupiter 33/8
New India 80 80/4
Vulcan 16/12
Scindia 33/13 33/12 34 33/15
Tata Steel (Defd) 2090 2102/8 2096/4 2105 2100 2107/8 2097/8 2110 3/12 15 11/4 17/8 11/4 16/4 5 7/8
Tata Steel (Ordy) 388 87 90 88/8 90/8 87/8 91 35/8 93 90 90/8
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 160/4 60 60/4 60 60/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 436/4 35 36/4
A. Cement 232 31/12 32/12 32 33 32/8
Belapur Sugar 220 19 20
Burmah (Old) 532/8 30 38/12 37/8
Burmah (New) 198/12
B. B. Petrol 5/4/6 5/4/3 5/4/6
Indian Bleaching 172
I. E. Trust 123
Port Canning 105
P. Construction (Ord) 220 17 18 17
Shivrajpur 54 54/8
Tata Chemical (Ord) 20/4 20/2 20/4
Western India 327/8

Bombay Cotton

In the local cotton market May delivery opened to-day at Rs. 443 and advanced to Rs. 445 under professional support and later steadied at Rs. 444/8. On Saturday after the official close an attempt was made to depress price and May declined to Rs. 441 but bulls soon appeared and May recovered to Rs. 443. The market opinion is divided. Bulls are determined to weigh all cotton against March Contract and Bears are busy to pass on all available cotton. The immediate outlook is somewhat uncertain but the fact remains that this year the crop is a small one and with prospects of an early end of the war chances favour higher prices in the long run.

Later on the market ruled steady on increased support from professional bull operators and May was quoted at Rs. 446/8 while March business was done at Rs. 439.

The comfortable situation created by lowering standard type every bale is made available to depress prices and today further 23,150 bales were tendered. The Bulls are taking up these tenders and we fear that cotton is passing into strong hands and they will be able to dictate price when stocks work into consumption. May delivery advanced to Rs. 447/8 and the market finally closed at 6 p.m. as under.

I C C March	440	4	0
I C C May	446	12	0
I C C July	458	4	0

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton May Contract is 488 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

	Hi	Lo.	Close
I.C.C. March	440	435/8	435/12
I.C.C. May	447/8	443	443/12
I.C.C. July	459/8	455	456
Karachi May	46/8/6	46/2	46/2/9

PASSING SHOW IN AMERICAN COTTON

Reduction In Acreage

The weekly review of the New York Market states:—

"The cotton market has been irregular during the past week with near months supported by persistent price-fixing by mills, while new crop options were influenced by uncertainties in connection with continuance of the purchasing programme beyond June 30th. Although war news is the main attraction, new crop developments are rapidly coming to the forefront with emphasis on the continuous adverse weather conditions, labour shortages and sharply reduced acreage prospects. Southern advices indicate that producers in many areas are continuing to turn from cotton to other crops, while at the same time private estimates suggest a possible acreage under 19 million acres. Mill demand for spot cottons picked up moderately, presumably reflecting apprehension over the rapidly dwindling supplies of better grades. Latterly the market broke sharply following the announcement of the crossing of the Rhine by Allied troops."

Week-End Liquidation In N. Y. Cotton Market

NEW YORK, March 10.

Cotton opened steady and advanced on overnight price-fixing presumably against Spanish acceptance of 30,000 bales, but the market later turned quiet backing and filling narrowly and apparently awaiting week-end war developments and clarification of farm legislative matters. Prices finally declined on week-end liquidation and closed barely steady. July opened at about the highest level of the day at a rise of 3 points at 21.81 and declined to 21.73. The market closed unchanged 4 points down. Spot Cotton prices gained 3 points at 22.38 c. per lb.

GOLD & SILVER

Following excellent war news in the morning papers the local bullion market opened weak but soon recovered on renewed buying and short covering. But the rise attracted increased selling and the market again ruled quiet.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 21,000 tolas Gold from Rs. 70 to Rs. 72 and 300 bars Silver at Rs. 125/8.

Trading in forward Gold commenced at Rs. 70/12 and under general buying the market sharply rose to Rs. 72/8 but later reacted to Rs. 71/10. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 71/12. Forward Silver opened at Rs. 124/12 and advanced to Rs. 125/14 on short covering but downturned to Rs. 125 on renewed selling. Ready Silver was placed at Rs. 125/4. There is a decided change in the general sentiment and professional operators are unloading with the results that quotations are reaching lower levels.

Professional operators lint active support to gold which hardened closing quotations were as under.

SILVER

Silver Ready	126	3	0
Current Settlement	126	0	0
Next Settlement	125	8	0

GOLD

Gold Ready	72	12	0
Current Settlement	72	12	0
Next Settlement	71	4	0
Sovereigns	50	8	0

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON: Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months, 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 3/32.

LDN/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs. 327 1/2.

LDN/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D D Rs. 295 3/4.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Very quiet.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c, 3 to 5 months 1/2 p c, 6 to 1. months 3/4 p c. 12 months 1 1/4 p c.

Tone:—Easy.

THE BANK OF JAIPUR LTD.

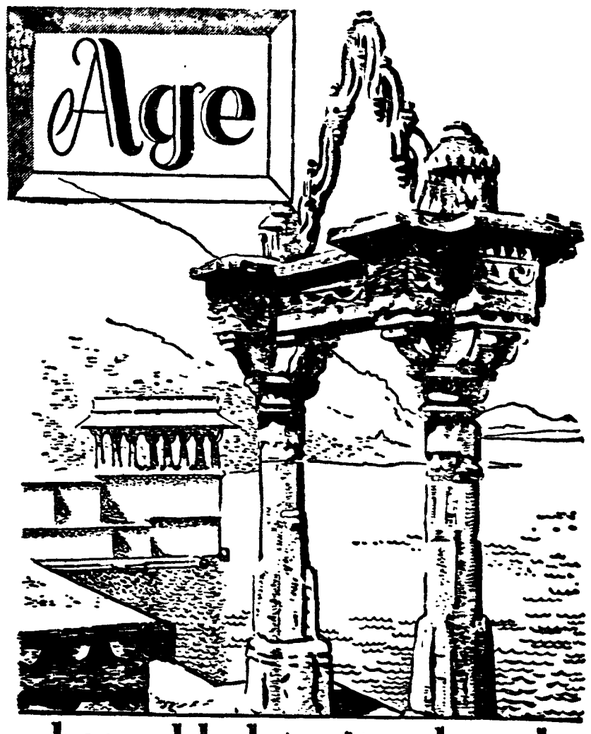
The net profits of the Bank of Jaipur Ltd. for the year ended 31st December 1944 inclusive of the amount brought forward from last year, amounted to Rs. 5,39,276-11-4. The Directors of the Bank have decided to distribute the sum as under:—

Carried to Reserve Fund	Rs.	2,50,000- 0-0
Bonus to Staff	Rs.	25,000- 0-0
Carried forward to next year	Rs.	2,64,276-11-4
Total ...	Rs.	5,39,276-11-4

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

BOMBAY, March 12.

Cotton Bales	14230
Linseed Cwts	3630
Castorseeds Cwts.	16
Cottonseeds Cwts.	708
Groundnuts Cwts.	7646

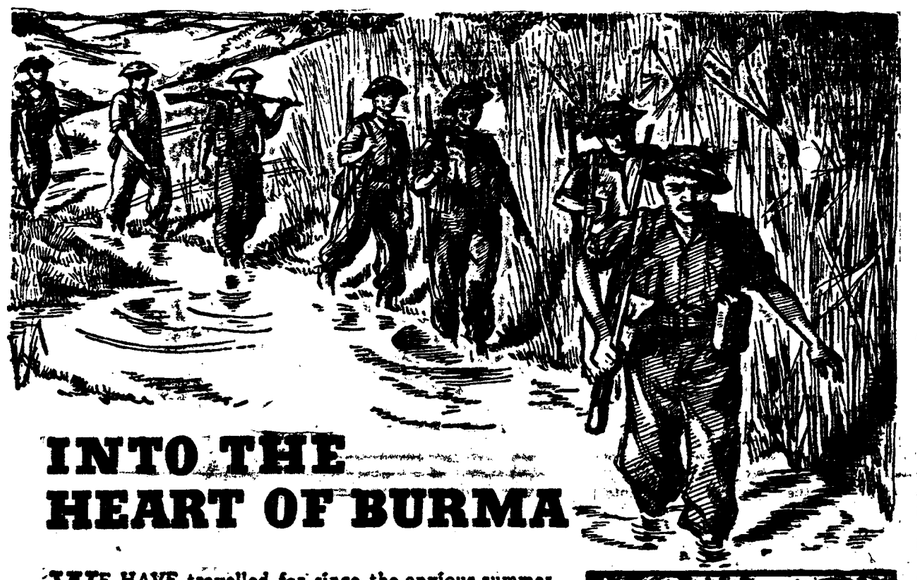


has added to its glory!

This arch on the embankment of the lake at Rajnagar in Rajputana is an exquisite piece of Hindu architecture. Measured in terms of Indian antiquity, it may not be regarded as so very ancient, having been built as late as 1660. But year by year, nothing of its aesthetic value will be diminished, as the years turn into further centuries it will gather unto itself the glory of antiquity. This is true of all things, material or otherwise, the passing of years only adds to their popularity if they have real worth. Take Jabakusum—for the last 67 years its popularity has grown from strength to strength and the reason thousands regards it as indispensable is that it is REALLY a good hair-oil. And through all these years the perfection of its quality has been maintained and in fact improved.

Jabakusum

C. K. SEN & CO. LTD. JABAKUSUM HOUSE. CALCUTTA.



INTO THE HEART OF BURMA

WE HAVE travelled far since the anxious summer of 1944. The Indian Army, fighting side by side with their comrades of the United Nations, have, in a non-stop offensive, stormed, outflanked, encircled and wiped out formidable Japanese defence positions in central and western Burma; liberated more than 80,000 square miles, or about one-third of the country; inflicted more than one lakh casualties on the enemy and driven him to the Irrawady plains.

What this triumph has cost in human effort words cannot adequately describe; India's fighting men have unflinchingly faced mountain jungles and, battling through unbelievable weather conditions, have driven back an enemy whose presence near our borders was a perpetual menace to our peace and security. Not until Japan is finally and decisively beaten will India be safe from aggression. So let us all back the attack.

Members of a machine-gun crew wait under cover for the enemy to show himself.

One of our tanks blasts Japanese defences while Sikhs get ready to charge.

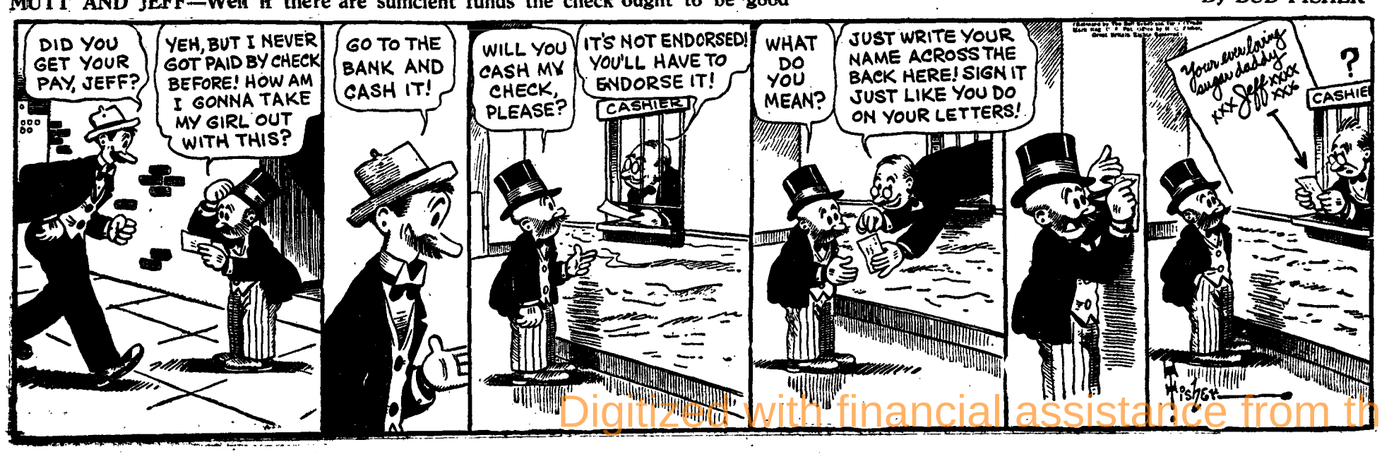
On to Final Victory

ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION & BROADCASTING, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Passing Show cigarettes are a splendid tonic. They quickly soothe and refresh tired nerves and benefit health. You get better smoking pleasure, too, from

PASSING SHOW

MUTT AND JEFF—Well if there are sufficient funds the check ought to be good — By BUD FISHER


DID YOU GET YOUR PAY, JEFF?
YEH, BUT I NEVER GOT PAID BY CHECK BEFORE! HOW AM I GONNA TAKE MY GIRL OUT WITH THIS?
GO TO THE BANK AND CASH IT!
WILL YOU CASH MY CHECK, PLEASE?
IT'S NOT ENDORSED! YOU'LL HAVE TO ENDORSE IT!
CASHIER
WHAT DO YOU MEAN?
JUST WRITE YOUR NAME ACROSS THE BACK HERE! SIGN IT JUST LIKE YOU DO ON YOUR LETTERS!
Your everloving sweetheart daddy
XXX Jeff XXX
?
CASHIER

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted for a High Caste Hindu Graduate age 28 doing business, father rich landlord in Bombay, a young bride educated, healthy and handsome. Please write Box No. 7537, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted good-looking, healthy and educated Hindu girl for a Respectable and Resourceful Graduate and Successful Businessman of Bombay, aged 32. Please apply in confidence with Photograph to Box No. 7519 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted graduates undergraduates as Managers, Accountants, Typists Travellers Salesmen, Clerks: good salary deserving persons. Bring applications personally. Onward Trading Company Opposite Gokuldas Hospital, Third Floor. 7557

Wanted experienced Lino-Operators. Those who have good speed need apply with testimonials to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle". Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay.

Wanted Graduates and Undergraduates to teach various School subjects in the grades 60-10/2-100 E.B.—140 and 35-5/2-55 E.B.—75 respectively. Trained, P. T. and D. T. preferred. Pay according to qualifications and experience. Teachers for Gujarati primary classes. Trained in Basic Education in grade of 35-5/2-E.B.—75. Apply to President R. F. Daboo Education Society, Vyara. 2461

Wanted: A well experienced man versed in English, book-keeping and type-writing, and capable to undertake every responsible duties and official routine work regarding to the limited Co. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to The Bhavnagar Iron Merchants' Corporation, Limited, Bhavnagar. 7547

Applications are invited for appointment to the temporary posts of stenographers and typists in the Office of the Deputy Financial Adviser, Supply Finance, Bombay. The posts of stenographers carry the scale of Rs. 90-5-160|- and the posts of typists the scale of Rs. 55-5-80 plus the usual dearness and other allowances. Applicants for the posts of stenographers should have minimum speed of 100 words per minute and for typists speed of 30 words per minute. Applications giving full particulars together with testimonials, of age, academic qualifications and experience should be forwarded to reach the Dy. Financial Adviser, Supply Finance. Reserve Bank Building, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay, on or before the 17th March, 1945. 2454

Wanted immediately Drivers and Conductors for Traffic Department, Bandra Bus Company, Limited, Santa Cruz. Age over 18. Apply personally with certificates to the Manager. 2445

FLATS TO LET

Four room flat—Tardeo area available in exchange for two room block. Hindu locality preferred. Apply Box No. 7553, "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medical, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., etc., from London College and American Universities. Fees nominal. Write for prospectus to the General Educational Agency, Amritsar. 7234

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale one Paper Cutting Machine Kal Cross 3 Block Size 32" write to Ahmed Hoosein Coverwalla Lakhani Building, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort Bombay. 3558

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Esty Brand Products cover over 60 varieties of Tablets manufactured according to B. P. and other official formulas. Tablets Limited, Madras. Bombay Office:—11, Western India House, Sir P. M. Road, Bombay. 2352

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS LTD.

TEMPORARY TRANSFER RECEIPT No. 2|4375-4376 of the abovementioned Company for 100 Ordinary Shares Nos. 180|301 1802400 standing in the name of Mr. R. M. Chockalingam has been lost and the undersigned has applied to the company for the issue of duplicate of the said temporary transfer receipt.

Any person having any objection to the India United Mills Ltd., issuing duplicate of the said temporary transfer receipt should lodge such objection with the Company at its Registered Office at E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay within one month from this date; otherwise the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate temporary transfer receipt.

Dated 9th March, 1945.

For the Indian Bank, Ltd.,
Agent.
2451

NOTICE

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Bible Society will be held on TUESDAY, March 13th at 6-30 P.M. in Christ Church Parish Hall, Byculla.

Chairman: H. E. The Governor of Bombay.

Speakers: The Rev. J. S. M. Hooper and the Rev. Father C. Whitworth.

2443

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD
(DIV. III)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase.
No. L-10(27)
TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR OF PURCHASE, Department of Food (Divn. III), Jamnagar House, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of (a) live goats and (b) goat meat dressed carcasses (Jhatka, Halal) for delivery at the undermentioned Government Factories.

JHATKA MEAT FACTORIES.
Government Meat Dehydration Factory, Red Hills, MADRAS.
Government Meat Dehydration Factory, Near Village Vadgaon Sherry, Poona.
HALAL MEAT FACTORIES
Government Meat Dehydration Factory, Digha Ghat, Patna.
Government Meat Dehydration Factory, Bharatpur Road, near Village Bodla, Agra.

Quotations should be for such quantities as may be required during a minimum period of three months and a maximum of six months.

2. Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10|- (Rupees Ten only) per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only, to the Chief Director of Purchase, New Delhi, quoting the tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon. Applications for tender forms will not be entertained after 4 p.m. on 20th March, 1945.

3. Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on 21st March, 1945.

4. EARNEST MONEY to the extent of Rs. 20,000|- (Rupees twenty thousand) only) will be required with the tender, in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase, Department of Food (Divn. III), New Delhi. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit a cash security to the extent of Rupees one and a half lakhs.

Applicants for tender form not already on the Food Department's list of approved contractors must state in their applications for tender forms, the name of their bankers.

(2455)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
HYDRAULIC ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT
NOTICE

TENDERS ACCOMPANIED by a deposit of Rs. 90|- for the supply of 20 Cwts. of copper sulphate as per the Municipal specifications will be received upto 1 P. M. (Bombay Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 28th March, 1945.

1. Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

2. Tenders must be brought duly sealed to the Municipal Office and delivered at the Chief Accountant's Office as directed above. Tenderers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their tenders at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office.

3. Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees 2|- to any one deputed to receive them by the Hydraulic Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

4. In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

5. If the tender is accepted a sum of Rs. 5|- shall be charged by way of legal charges for preparing the contract, if the contract amount involved is between Rs. 500|- and Rs. 10,000|-, and if the contract amount involved exceeds Rs. 10,000|-, Rs. 10|- will be charged as legal charges for preparing the contract. These charges will apply to routine contracts only, prepared generally after previous existing drafts. Where however the contracts have to be framed a new or where the existing forms of contract are required to be altered or amended substantially, the legal charges thereof will be communicated to the tenderers in due course by the Legal Assistant.

6. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

E. A. NADIRSHAH,
Hydraulic Engineer.
Hydraulic Engineer's Office,
Improvement Trust Building,
Napier Road, Fort,
Bombay, 9th March, 1945.
2467

NOTICE

THE CASH TRANSACTIONS of the Motor Vehicles and Taxation Departments will be closed on THURSDAY the 15th March, 1945.

E. SHEEHY,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
M. V. & Taxation, Bombay.
Motor Vehicles Dept.
Gymnasium Road Bombay.
12th March, 1945.
2469

NOTICE

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the Loss of Policy No. 64648 on the Life of SURYAKANT CHAMPAKLAL DESAI, Esqr., Accountant Bank of Baroda Ltd., Bilimora a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

K BALASUBRAHMANYAM,
Manager & Actuary.
Bombay, 12th March, 1945.
2462

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

3 Per Cent Second Victory Loan 1959-61.

Redeemable at par not earlier than 15th August, 1959 and not later than 15th August, 1961.

Subscriptions in cash/cheque unlimited as to amount, will be received from 19th March, 1945 until further notice.

Issue Price Rs. 100/-. As interest accrues from 15th February, 1945, recovery on account of net interest will be made at the rate of Rs. 0-2-8 per cent. from 19th March to 24th March, 1945, thereafter increasing by 8 pies per week.

Applications will be received at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi and Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places and at all Government Treasuries.

For full particulars apply to any of these Offices, Branches or Treasuries.

2466

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913.
AND
IN THE MATTER OF THE KALABAGH COLLIERIES CO., LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the creditors of the abovenamed Company are required, on or before the 28th day of March, 1945, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to Mr. Natvarlal Harilal of Arthur Bunder, Colaba, Bombay, the Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said liquidator, are personally or by their solicitors to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts or claims are proved.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1945.

N. HARILAL,
Liquidator.
(2464)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Lecturer in Agricultural Economics in the Bai Vijibai Jivanlal Panalal Section in Agricultural Economics in the Department of Economics, University School of Economics & Sociology. The Lecturer will be required to give instruction to Postgraduate students in Agricultural Economics and allied subjects and guide and conduct investigation and research in these fields under the supervision of the Head of the Department, such supervision to be without prejudice to the administrative control which is vested in the Director of the School.

The salary of the post is Rs. 250-25-400. The appointment will be on probation for a period of two years, after which the incumbent will be made permanent, if his work is satisfactory. He will be required to contribute to the University Provident Fund. The selected candidate will be required to join duty on the 20th of June, 1945.

Candidates should give full details about their academic career, research qualifications, age, teaching experience, publications, etc. Applicants must have specialised in Agricultural Economics. Preference will be given to one who knows at least one of the principal languages of the Province.

Candidates should send six copies of the application and of testimonials to the Registrar, University of Bombay, so as to reach him not later than MONDAY, THE 9TH APRIL, 1945.

Canvassing, direct or indirect, will be a disqualification.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 7th March, 1945.
2455

NOTICE

Wanted MEDICAL OFFICERS and SANITARY INSPECTORS to fill posts in the Bombay Public Health Department on purely temporary basis.

MEDICAL OFFICER: Qualifications L.C.P.S., or equivalent qualification registrable under the Bombay Medical Act, 1912. Pay Rs. 130|- PLUS special pay Rs. 10 p. m., compensatory allowance for loss of private practice Rs. 10 p. m. permanent travelling allowance Rs. 27-8-0 p. m. temporarily increased by 50% or Rs. 10 in lieu of daily allowance, if free conveyance is provided.

SANITARY INSPECTORS: One who has passed the Sanitary Inspectors' Examination, Pay Rs. 70 PLUS permanent travelling allowance Rs. 27-8-0 p. m. temporarily increased by 50% or Rs. 10 p. m. in lieu of daily allowance, if free conveyance is provided.

Applications stating age, qualifications, previous experience, place of domicile, etc., should reach the Director of Public Health, Poona, not later than 23rd March, 1945.

2460

NOTICE

WANTED: The Government of India, Department of Information and Broadcasting, invite applications from well-educated and intelligent young men who are prepared to serve as apprentices for training in the technique of the various branches of production of documentary films. The selected apprentices will in the first instance be moved around from one branch of film production to another in order to discover in which direction individual talent and aptitude lie. They will later be attached to the particular branch for which they are considered most suitable. The normal period of apprenticeship will be one year which may be decreased or increased according to individual aptitude and rate of progress. A stipend of Rs. 100 per mensem will be paid during the period of apprenticeship. No guarantee of employment can be given, but apprentices may be absorbed in regular posts in Information Films of India as soon as they are considered fit for such appointments.

2. Applications enclosed in covers marked "Applications for Apprenticeships" giving at least two references qualifications and any other particulars of interest, should reach the Administrative Officer, Information Films of India, 74-94, Tardeo Road, Bombay No. 7 by the 15th April, 1945.

2469

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES (DISPOSALS)
Strand House Ballard Estate
Bombay.
AUCTION SALE

A PUBLIC AUCTION will be held at the Government Timber Stores Depot, Sewri on 14-3-45 commencing at 11 a.m. Large quantities of BURMAH TEAK; cut-pieces of country teak, JUNGLE WOOD and CONIFEROUS TIMBER will be offered for sale. Further particulars can be had from Gandhi & Co. 72 Meadows Street, Bombay. the Government Auctioneers.

2468

PUBLIC NOTICES

REVOCATION OF POWERS OF ATTORNEY.

THE NEW SWADESHI MILLS OF AHMEDABAD, LIMITED.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Powers of Attorney given to Mr. Girdharilal Mahadevprasad Nemani and Mr. Ghanshyamdas Ramrikhdas Chokhani by Messrs. Shivnarayan Surajmal Nemani, the late Managing Agents of the above Company, have been revoked with effect from the 4th day of January, 1945.

THE COTTON AGENTS LTD.,
Managing Agents.
2457

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JOHN FRANCIS XAVIER DEOLIVEIRA alias FRANK OLIVEIRA MAY OLIVEIRA and FRANK OLIVEIRA (Junior) the Trustees of an indenture of Trust dated 12th March, 1942, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all encumbrances:—

All persons having any claim against or to the said property of any kind are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Ali Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay within Fourteen (14) days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land, situate at Upper Mahim Pitamber in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and City of Bombay registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 4249, Cadastral Survey No. 1216 of Mahim Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector under "G" Ward Nos. 5793(1) and 5794(1) Street Nos. 269 and 7, admeasuring about 2177 square yards being the part with a house thereon known as "Kharankhotar" and bounded as follows:—On or towards the North by the property of a Hindu gentleman on or towards the South by the public passage, on or towards the east by the property of Mendes and St. Michael's Church on or towards the West by the Public Road.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1945.

CHANDRASEN & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
2465

NOTICE
IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSES, CALCUTTA.
Suit No. 6421 of 1944.

1. THE STANDARD LITERATURE CO., LTD., a firm of limited liabilities having its place of business at 13|1, Old Court House Street, Calcutta ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

1. A. R. ABDULLA, Esqr., House of Noorjahan Begum and Bowla suite, (1st floor) Ridge Road, Malabar Hills, Bombay ..... Defendant.

Amount of claim—Rs. 222|- being the balance of price of goods (books) due to the plaintiff to the defendant in Calcutta.

Last date for entering before the Registrar on the 29th March, 1945.

By Order etc.,
J. R. SEN GUPTA,
Senior Superintendent.
Small Cause Court, Calcutta,
The 7th March, 1945.
2456

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF BURMA & COUNTRY TEAK J. Wood, Firewood, including thin boards, short length pieces, off Cuts, Side slabs, etc., On Wednesday 14-3-45 at 11 a.m. (S. T.), at Government Timber Stores Depot, Sewree, near Liver Bros. Soap factory by order of the Controller of Supplies, Disposals Branch, Bombay.

Terms: 20 per cent Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will, (TO-DAY) TUESDAY, the 13th March 1945, at 8-30 a.m. (New S. T.), sell by Public Auction at Crawford Market the Rights to collect various fees at the Slaughter House Bandra, and at the Scale at Crawford Market, respectively, from 1st April, 1945, to 31st March, 1946.

BENNETT & CO.

FREE

DIARY CALENDAR 1945

In order to popularise our Metro New Gold ornaments we have decided to give one Diary Calendar for year 1945 free. Write today for samples of ornaments and Diary Calendars

NEW GOLD SUPPLY CO.,
Halka No. 22 (B.C.)
AMRITSAR (PB).

We Are Pleased To Announce

that Mr. GANESH SHRIPAT MHASKAR famous Cloth, Gold and Silver Merchant of Bombay is co-opted as a Director on the Board of Directors of the Indian Progressive Insurance Company Limited Poona—2.

WANTED AGENTS ON LIBERAL TERMS:—

For Particulars please apply to:—

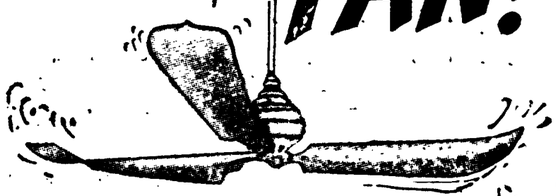
(1) Messrs. KALE & JOTHADY
Chief Organisers
for Bombay.
Bedekar Sadan, DADAR.

(2) Mr. DHARAMPALAJI B. PUNJABI.
Special Representative
Vile Parle.

(3) A. N. GADGIL, Esq.,
Secretary,

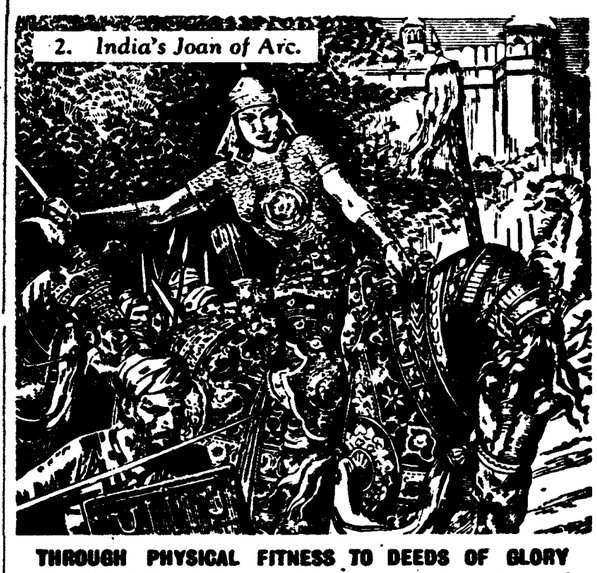
THE INDIAN PROGRESSIVE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
POONA 2.

TURN OFF THAT FAN!



WHEN YOU LEAVE THE ROOM

ELECTRICITY IS PRECIOUS



THROUGH PHYSICAL FITNESS TO DEEDS OF GLORY

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Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.